The Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXXVI } NEWPORT, R. I., SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 12, 1847. { NO. 4,442.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY
IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY
J. H. BARBER & SON.
No. 133 *Thames Street.*

TERMS—Two Dollars per annum.

☞ Advertisements not exceeding a square inserted three weeks for $1, and 17 cents will be charged for each subsequent insertion. Yearly Advertisers can make contracts on liberal terms. All Advertisements will be continued until forbidden when no particular time is specified, and will be charged for accordingly. The circulation which the Mercury enjoys, renders it a valuable medium for Advertising.

☞ No Paper discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Publishers) until arreages are paid.

☞ **JOB PRINTING.** ☜



Handbills, Show Bills, Shoe Bills, Labels, Checks, Notes, Steamboat Bills, Shop Bills, Circulars, Tax Bills, Blanks, *of all kinds*, Engine Notices,

☞ LARGE SHOW BILLS, for Concerts, Lectures, Public Meetings, Exhibitions, &c. &c.,

—EXECUTED AT THE—

MERCURY OFFICE,
No. 133 Thames St,

At prices which cannot fail of meriting a share of public patronage.

☞ The favors of the old Patrons are respectfully solicited.

Weekly Almanac.

JUNE. 1847.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon sets.	High water
12 Saturday,	4 30	7 30	4 31	7 1
13 Sunday,	4 30	7 30	setts.	7 56
14 Monday,	4 29	7 31	8 37	8 50
15 Tuesday,	4 29	7 31	9 19	9 42
16 Wednesday,	4 29	7 31	9 58	10 31
17 Thursday,	4 29	7 31	10 31	11 17
18 Friday,	4 28	7 32	11 2	eve. 2

New Moon 12th 7 hour 22m. evening.

POST OFFICE Arrangement.

MAILS CLOSE,

Providence,	*Daily,*	8½ A. M.
Boston,	*do*	12½ P. M.
New York,	*do*	8½ A. M.
Fall River,	*twice a day,* 8 A. M. &	12½ P. M.
Westerly,	*Tuesdays and Fridays,*	6 A. M.
New Shoreham,	*Fridays,*	8 A. M.

Office open till 8 P. M.
JOSEPH JOSLEN, *Post Master.*

DISCOUNT DAYS,
At the several Banks in this Town.

Merchants Bank, on Monday afternoon.
Newport Exchange Bank, on Monday evening.
Newport Bank, on Tuesday afternoon.
New England Commercial Bank, on Tuesday afternoon.
Rhode Island Union Bank, on Wednesday morning.
Bank of Rhode Island, on Thursday afternoon.
Traders Bank, on Thursday evening.

CUSTOM HOUSE,
Office Hours.
From 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. and 3, P. M. to 5 P. M.
EDWIN WILBUR, *Collector.*

15 Dollars Reward.

WHEREAS the District School House No. 5, in Middletown, was on the night of the 11th inst., wantonly injured and defaced, by some evil minded person or persons having covered over the door and lock with a coat of tar and feathers;—At a meeting of the School District on Tuesday last, it was resolved that a reward of *Fifteen Dollars* be offered and paid for the detection of the perpetrator or perpetrators of said outrage.
Middletown, May 29, 1847.



Notice
To Equestrians.

Come all of the above named class,
And try my HORSE,—*she either slow or fast,*
For she can carry you a tardy Ajax's pace,
Or with the swiftness of *Camilla* triumph in the race;
She's also gentle, kind and sure,
Great hardships and fatigues she can endure.
She not like Alexander's *Bucephalus* in the least,
But the exact image of that noble beast—
Upon which the beautiful Clelia fled—
From Etruvian bondage into which she had been led.
The same I'll let you cheap for Cash,
Call when you will,—she's ready quick as flash,
(For ease and beauty can't be beat,)
At my old stand in Elm Street.
GEORGE G. HULL.
Newport, May 22, 1847.—6w.
N. B. Blacksmithing, in all its branches, carried on as usual.

Taylor's BLACK Ink,

Superior to any other.
For sale at J. H. BARBER'S

Black Silk Shawls,

OPENED YESTERDAY, a very rich article, 2 yards square, such as sell for 9 dollars, and for sale at $7,50, the original cost of them by the carton, by P. MOREY,
May 22.] 154 Thames street.

DOCT. CRAINS, Spino Abdominal Supporter, highly recommended by Physicians, at
May 29.] R. J. TAYLOR'S

New Arrangement.



☞ *FOR PROVIDENCE.* ☜

THE new and elegant steamer *PERRY*, Capt. G. Woolsey, will leave Sayer's Wharf, Newport, for Providence *daily*, (Sunday's excepted,) at 7½ o clock, A. M.

RETURNING—Will leave Brastow's wharf, Providence, for Newport at 2½ o'clock, P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board. Freight taken at reduced rates.

Passengers for Boston, by taking this boat, will arrive at Providence in season to meet the 10½ o'clock Train for Boston, and can leave Boston at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and arrive at Providence in season to take the Perry for Newport.

☞ All persons are forbid trusting any one on account of this boat or owners, without an order from the Captain. [June 5.

Prints Only.

LEE & BREWSTER,
44 *CEDAR STREET,*
NEW-YORK,

Beg leave to inform Dealers in Dry Goods, that they have received, and are now exhibiting, at THE WAREHOUSE EXCLUSIVELY for *Printed Calicoes,*

200 CASES,
Comprising all the
New Spring Styles,

Of *British, French* and *American Manufacture*; which, in ADDITION to their usual stock, renders their assortment one of the most beautiful and attractive in the city; and having *just* been purchased for

CASH AND SHORT CREDIT.

Are offered by the piece or package on the *same terms*, at and below manufacturers prices.

Catalogues of prices (corrected daily,) are placed in the hands of buyers.

Purchasers will inform themselves of the state of the market, and be well repaid for an examination, even if they do not purchase.

L. & B. have peculiar advantages for executing orders for prints, which are respectfully solicited.
LEE & BREWSTER,
44 Cedar street.

BRASS Croton Faucets, of every description and price, for sale by
NATHAN M. CHAFEE.
One door North of the Custom House.



J. M. HAMMETT,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
133 1-2
THAMES STREET,
("LONG ROOM,")
NEWPORT, R. I.

☞ Garments cut and made in the most fashionable style. *Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Trimmings, &c., &c.*, constantly on hand.

"OAK ROW,"



NO. 2.



SPRING FASHION, 1847.

JUST RECEIVED the largest and most complete assortment of

HATS & CAPS

of the *Spring* style ever offered in this town consisting of—Beaver, Nutria, Mole Skin and Silk Hats. Men's Boys and Children's Caps of the latest New York fashion. Also a large assortment of *SILK CAPS*, new style.

☞ Hats and Caps made to order at the shortest notice. PARKER & WEAVER.
Newport, April 15.

TO LET,

With or Without Furniture.



THE COTTAGE in *Kay street*, now occupied by Miss Mein.
Apply to S. ENGS.
Newport, April 17.

Newport Exchange Bank.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders in this bank on MONDAY May 3d, 1847, the following named persons were chosen directors for the ensuing year:—

David S. Holloway, Israel F. Lake, Nathan Hammett, Nathan Stanton, Robert R. Carr, Felix Peckham and John Sterne.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors, Nathan Hammett, Esq., was re-elected President.
JOHN STERNE, *Cashier.*

DAGUERREOTYPES.

HAVING again returned to Newport, and neatly fitted up rooms in Vose's Washington House, No. 1, Bath street, we would inform our friends and the public generally, that we are now fully prepared to execute Daguerreotype Miniatures, in the neatest and most improved styles—

"In language warm as could be breathed or pen'd,
Daguerreotypes speak the original of friend:"
Then, who have friends do not delay,
But obtain a likeness while yet you may.

All kinds of Daguerrean materials on hand and instruction given in the art.

Rooms—In Vose's Washington House, No. 1, Bath street, Newport, and No. 33 Westminister street, Providence, R. I.
May 29.] MANCHESTER & BROTHER.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER hereby notifies the public, that he has authorized and appointed his brother, George Hammond, of Wickford, as his agent, to purchase and sell merchandise in his name, and on his account.
WM. G. HAMMOND.
Newport, May 22, 1847.

POET'S CORNER.

From the Salem Observer.

THE APPLE BLOSSOM.

BY EFFIE.

Full many a poet's lyre, I ween,
To other flowers is strung,
But thou, the fairest of the train,
Hast never yet been sung:

For thou art but a common flower,
Thy beauty is not rare;
And all may view thy rosy leaf,
Thou bloomest everywhere.

Before the warmest smile of spring
Thy tinted leaf is seen,
And closely round thy tender stem
Clings guardian foliage green.

Upon the bough, the warbling birds
Alight with fairy grace,
To sip the dewy drops that lie
Within thy rose-lipped vase:

And when thy fragrant incense floats
Around the farmer's door,
What promises thou givest him
Of Autumn's golden store.

Still, though neglected and forgot,
By poet and by king,
There yet is one to whom thou art
The *Queen* of sunny spring.

THE HEART IT IS A TREASURE

BY J. E. CARPENTER, ESQ.

Oh! the heart it is a treasure
That should not be lightly won,
To be thrown aside at pleasure,
When the festive hour is done:
'Tis a jewel, that, to cherish
Should be still thy dearest boast;
For when all beside it perish,
Will its worth be known the most!

If that heart for thee is beating,
Use it gently lest it break;
Warm and tender be thy greeting,
'Twill grow fonder for thy sake!
And in sickness or in sorrow,
Let thy care its solace be;
Then 'twill all its gladness borrow
From its sum of hope, in thee!

Oh! the heart it is a blessing,
In its freshness and its youth,
Be it thine, 'mid thy caressing,
To preserve it in its truth;
'Tis no worldly gem at pleasure
To be worn or cast aside,
But a firm and priceless treasure,
And more valued when it's tried!

MECHANIC ARTS.

Stevens' Patent Post and Fence.—This will doubtless be deemed by farmers and others, a valuable invention. The posts are made of burnt clay moulded and burnt in the same way as hard bricks. A post of five feet long, four inches square at the bottom, and three at the top, can be afforded at the brick yards for twelve and a half cents. With ordinary usage, they are nearly as durable as stone, and in the long run, cheaper than wood. The posts are set in the ground diagonally or corner wise. A tenon is made on the top of each post, on which is placed a coupling block to which the top rail is secured by pins or nails.—The fence is thus secure and firm, not liable to rot. The inventor is Capt. Joseph Stevens, of Northumberland, Saratoga county, N. Y. Specimens may be seen and rights purchased, at the Mechanics' and Farmers' Agency, 34 Ann street.—*Scientific Amer.*

Cheap Paint.—An Ontario farmer gives the following recipe for a cheap paint. He says he has tried it on brick, and prefers it to oil paint, and says it will last longer on rough siding of wood than oil paint will on plain siding of boards.

Take one bushel of unslacked lime, and slack it with cold water; when slacked, add fifty pounds of Spanish whiting, seventeen pounds salt, and thirteen pounds sugar.—Strain the mixture through a wire seive, and it will be fit for use, after reducing it with cold water. In order to give it a good color, three coats are necessary on brick and two on wood. It may be put on with a brush similar to whitewash. Each coat must have sufficient time to dry before the next is applied.

For painting inside walls, take as before, one bushel of unslacked lime, three pounds sugar, five pounds salt, and prepare as above.

NOTICE—REGISTRY OF VOTERS OF NEWPORT.

THE Town Council of the town of Newport will meet at the Town Clerk's Office, Monday the 14th day of June inst., at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, to examine the Registry of Voters for the town of Newport, in open meeting, and to purge the same as the law directs, by placing against the names of all persons thereon, who are dead, or who for the space of one year have ceased to reside in this town, the word "dead," or "non-resident," as the case may be, and to correct the Registry whether the same person is registered more than once thereon. By order,
B. B. HOWLAND, *Council Clerk.*
Newport, June 5, 1847.

MISCELLANEOUS.

How to do Business.—There certainly is a right and wrong way to do all things. Energy! energy and perseverence is every thing—with these and a well balanced mind, what may not a man accomplish?—Without these, what a despicable thing—a mere machine without motive power—a mighty instrument, ready at every point for successful action, but no energy—no mind—no *main spring*. What is it that lifts man above man and sets in motion the mighty and varied powers that Heaven has granted him—that impels him onward from that listless and lazy inactivity of ordinary men and enables him to exalt and improve his mind and purse—that sets him beyond the reach of competition, even upon the topmost pinnacle of wealth, fame and renoun, where the eye of future generations will turn and gaze upon him with rapture and admiration—with wonder and surprise that humanity like unto themselves should thus have triumphed—thus have left upon the unfading page of History a bright star whose name is spelt in diamonds never to be dimmed and never to be forgotten. Look at hundreds of those bright and immortal names set, as it were in the starry canopy of Heaven, whose bodies have gone down to the grave and ask what placed them there? What is it we ask but untiring and well directed energy and perseverance—no matter about the calling—the particular branch of business—find your proper element—get right—begin at the proper end and go-a-head.

Don't know which to Choose.—'I don't know which of them to take!' exclaimed Miss Snarewell to her friend, (of course she spoke in confidence,) as two gentlemen bade her good evening, after having been enchanted by her attractions.—'I don't really know which of the two I prefer, one or the other I *must* have—I see they are such *good friends*, too; I hate to choose one of them for fear of hurting the feelings of the other!'

'What a pity it is, answered the friend 'that you cannot take both, since you are at a loss which to choose!'

The sly satire of her friend's remark did not escape the penetration of Miss Snarewell, but not choosing to notice it, probably suspecting her dear friend of being a little envious, she went on with her discourse as if no interuption had occurred.

'I am trying to make up my mind, she resumed, 'before I am called on to decide. Silverstone has such elegant manners, he talks so eloquently, he has most decidedly the highest order of talent, and he is *so devoted*! But then, Broadacre is wealthy, he has houses in town—houses in the country? Really I am at a loss which to choose!'

'Of course,' remarked her friend, 'you are *certain* they both intend to offer!'

'What else can they intend? was the almost indignant answer, or rather question.

'Oh! nothing else, certainly! replied the friend, 'they are both fascinated of course, but I was only thinking—you know my odd way of speculating. I would not advise you to make up your mind in such a case; 'till they make their proposals, and then require a little time, and use it in finding out which of the two candidates you prefer, and give an answer accordingly.'

Miss Snarewell came to the conclusion that the advice of her friend was very prudent, so she made up her mind to wait and not give any marked preference to either gentleman, until they made their expected offers. In the meantime, Miss Snarewell continued as fascinating as ever, and the gentlemen in question, as much enchanted with her as formerly, and the offers were hourly expected; instead of which, came a pretty little box, tied with white ribbon, containing cards with 'Mr. and *Mrs.* Silverstone's compliment's,' and a piece of bride cake? And the very next week she read in the paper the marriage of Mr. Broadacre to Miss——, she was too indignant to read whom, but the lady was her prudent friend and confidant.—*N. Y. Organ.*

Errors of the Press.—A Western Reserve paper, copying the Cincinnati Commercial article on the manufacture by Homes of shoe pegs, says: "It will astonish our readers to learn that in Cincinnati *pigs* are made by steam, being turned out at the rate of 50,000 a minute."

How much wealth and talent is employed in making this world a splendid residence—how little in making man fit to live in it.

Affection.—We sometimes meet with men who seem to think any indulgence in an affectionate feeling is weakness. They will return from a journey and greet their families with a distant dignity, and move among their children with the cold and lofty splendor of an iceberg surrounded by its broken fragments. There is hardly a more unnatural sight on earth than one of those families without a heart. A father had better extinguish his boy's eyes than take away his heart! Who that has experienced the joys of friendship, and values sympathy and affection, would not rather lose all that is beautiful in nature's scenery, than be robbed of the hidden treasure of his heart?—Who would not rather bury his wife than bury his love for her? Who would not rather follow his child to the grave, than entomb his parental affections! Cherish, then, your heart's best affections. Indulge in the warm and gushing emotions of filial, parental and fraternal love. Think it not a weakness, God is love. Love God, love everybody, and every thing that is lovely.—Teach your children to love, to love the rose, the robin; to love their parents; to love their God. Let it be the studied object of their domestic culture to give them warm hearts, ardent affections. Bind your whole family together by these strong cords. You cannot make them too strong. Religion is love; love to God, love to man.

Chambers's Journal.

An old Anecdote, *but a fact.*—A young man was seen to enter a church in the time of service—he paused at the entrance—the congregation stared—he advanced a few steps, and deliberately surveying the whole assembly, commenced a slow march up the broad Isle—no pew was opened—the audience were too busy for civility—he wheeled, and in the same manner performed a march, stepping, as if to Roslin Castu or the dead march in Saul, and disappeared. A few moments after he re-entered with a huge *block* upon his shoulders, as he could well stagger under; his countenance was immovable—again the good people stared, and half rose from their seats, with their books in their hands. At length he placed the block in the very centre of the principal passage, and seated himself upon it. Then, for the first time, the reproach was felt!—Every pew door in the house was instantly flung open! But no—the stranger was a gentleman—he came not there for disturbance—he moved not—smiled not; but preserved the utmost decorum until the service was concluded, when he deliberately shouldered his block, and to the same slow step, bore it off, and replaced it where he found it. The congregation is now the most attentive and polite to strangers of any in America.—*Baltimore paper.*

Dress.—The New York Albion, in reviewing an article from the London Quarterly Review on the subject of dress, remarks "that the rules and observations laid down are of great importance to all those who study their costume and general appearance. Propriety in dress, the cut of the garment and adaptation of colors to the person, stature and complexion of the votary, are considerations of the highest importance. Thus for instance, when flounces are in fashion, it is marvellous bad taste for a lady, short in stature, to apply half a dozen of these decorations to her dress, and a lady of disproportionate altitude only three—for a superabundance of them makes a short lady look shorter, while a paucity causes a tall lady to look taller.—When large bonnets were in fashion, we have often commented on the perversity of a small person wearing one of the largest size overloaded, too, with all the flowers known in botany, so that the wearer looked like a walking conservatory. We, however, thank the reviewer for coming to the rescue of straw bonnets, for we agree with him that they are the most useful and most graceful of the different species of head gear extant; they suit all ages, every complexion, and are wearable in all climates.—They have, indeed, no objection but that of being rather too cheap; but the fashionable bonnet makers we believe, endeavor to accommodate ladies even in this particular, by bringing the prices to the standard figure of gentility."—*Mass. Spy.*

"Did you not tell me this morass was hard at the bottom," said a young horseman to a countryman, when his horse had sunk up to his saddle girth. "Yes, I did, but you are not half way to the bottom, yet," said the fellow.

Santa Anna is now in his 43d year.

The good Wife.—How much of the world's happiness and prosperity is contained in the compass of these two words! Her influence is immense. The power of a wife, for good, or for evil, is altogether irresistable. Home must be the seat of happiness, or it must be forever unknown. A good wife is to a man wisdom and courage, and strength and hope, and endurance.—A bad one is confusion, weakness, discomfiture and despair. No condition is hopeless when the wife possesses firmness, decision, energy and economy. There is no outward prosperity which can counteract indolence, folly and extravagance at home. No spirit can long resist bad domestic influences. Man is strong but his heart is not adamant. He delights in enterprise and action, but to sustain him he needs a tranquil mind and a whole heart. He expends his whole moral force in the conflicts of the world; his feelings are daily lacerated to the utmost point of endurance by perpetual collisions irretation and disappointment. To recover his equanimity and composure, home must be to him a place of repose, of peace, of cheerfulness, of comfort, and his soul renews its strength and again goes forth with fresh vigor to encounter the labor and troubles of the world.—But if at home he finds no rest and there is met by a bad temper, sullenness, or gloom; or is assailed by discontent, complaint and reproaches; the heart breaks, the spirits are crushed, hope vanishes, and the mind sinks into total despair.

Never buy anything at the Door.—An old bachelor, in order to prevent itinerant traders annoying him by knocking at his door to dispose of their wares, affixed to his knocker a label to this effect:—The inhabitant of this house never buys anything at the door—Hawkers, beware!" He was dreadfully annoyed shortly after by a loud knocking at his parlor window, from which he saw two fellows with clothes lines, mats, and bags, to sell: Throwing up the sash in a pretty considerable rage, he accosted them thus:—"Can you read?"—"Yes, master," answered the hawker.—"Then don't you see a notice affixed to my knocker that I never buy anything at the *door?*" "To be sure we do; so we thought we would make bold and try to do a little business at the parlor *window.*" The fellow's wit pacified the old bachelor, who straightway made a purchase. Immediately afterwards, however, he sent for a painter, and had the following addition made to his announcement:—"*Nor at the window either.*"

It is said that a young lady, who is a great admirer of Gen. Taylor's epistolary style, received a letter the other day from a sweetheart, enquiring if she would have him. She immediately sent in reply General Taylor's answer to Santa Anna.—"Come and take me."—*Boston Atlas.*

A New Era in Navigation.—The Buffalo Commercial says that a few days ago the three masted schooner New Brunswick, loaded with 18,000 bushels of wheat at Chicago, *and cleared for Liverpool.* She goes by the way of the Welland canal and the St. Lawrence. This is the first clearance of this kind ever made from the inland waters of the great lakes for an European port, and constitutes a new era in the history of navigation.

Pirates on the Hudson River.—Two men have been arrested and committed to prison in New York, as part of the crew of a schooner about 15 tons burthen, without any name painted on her, which has been recently plying on the North River, and has been engaged, as is alleged, in committing several roberies.

Paymaster's Department.—The utmost activity pervades every branch of the Paymaster's Department of this city, under the general superintendence of Col. Larned. Within the last few days the 1st and 2d Tennessee Regiments, the 2d Illinois, & 1st Kentucky, have been paid off. Yesterday, the Alabama Regiment, were paid off.—During the business hours, the front and lobbies of the Commercial Exchange, on St. Charles street, in which building the Paymaster's office is located, are crowded with unshorn, rugged looking volunteers, and the eagerness with which they scramble after their pay, is only to be equalled by the determination they manifested in hunting up and bringing down the Mexicans.—*N. O. Pic. 28th.*

The meadows and fields are smiling at the recent visitation of rain.

ARMY & NAVY NEWS.

The steamer James L. Day has arrived at New Orleans with Vera Cruz dates to the 25th of May.

Nothing later from Gen. Scott's army.

Com. Perry has captured a host of little towns on the coast. He was about to attack Tabasco, where the enemy was two thousand strong.

Advices from the city of Mexico have been received to the 19th of May.

Senor Herrera, supposed to be elected President, is the peace candidate.

Santa Anna has given up the command of the army of the East to assume the duties of President. He was to enter the capital on the 19th.

In a letter published in the papers, he states that he had been industriously organizing guerilla parties. He had issued a manifesto to the nation, but no copy of it had been received in this country. It was to be published on the 20th. An account of his operations in the East was published on the 15th. In this he boasts largely of what he has done; but does not say much of the future.

The Mexican Government was thinking of some measures to release the American prisoners in the capital.

El Republicano was again trying to excite the fears of the people, of the designs of the monarchical party. It says secret agents are at work to change the form of government.

The citizens of the city of Mexico seem to be careless about the fortifications of the capital. The papers are appealing to them to turn out, and provide defences for it.

The departure of Gen. Valencia from the capital, at the head of five thousand of the National Guards, to unite his forces with Santa Anna's troops, was daily expected; but had not taken place at last accounts.

Our Pacific Squadron, says the Picayune, is busy upon the western ports of Mexico.

On the 28th of April a squadron of six or eight vessels was off Mazatlin, and a thousand men were to disembark and take the town.

Letters from Mazatlin say they were making every preparation for the defence of that place; but if the decent is made in as a great a force as is represented, they can make no defence of much account.

Other accounts say that the port of San Blas, too, was menaced by our squadron, and that it was the purpose of the Americans to land and take the town.

The vomito had made its appearance in Vera Cruz, but as yet in few cases.

Vera Cruz has already nearly recovered from the effects of the siege. The people were returning—the knocked down houses are being rebuilt—the streets cleaned, shops opened, and all the activity of a sea port is beginning to be displayed.

Later intelligence from General Taylor has been received.

Advices have been received at New Orleans from the Brazos to the 25th ult.

A letter to the Delta, from Monterey, May 15th, states that Gen Taylor was actively preparing for a move, and would probably start for San Luis about 1st June, where another grand battle was expected which would probably be the final struggle.

A most deplorable duel occurred at China on May 21st between two Virginian lieutenants, one named Mahan. They fought with muskets loaded with buckshot, and both parties were killed.

An arrival at New Orleans on the 2nd instant from the Brazos, confirms the news of Doniphan's arrival at Parras, after a march of fifteen hundred miles, with about one thousand men and 16 pieces of artillery. Col. Mitchell, with the advance of Doniphan's command, including a picked party, was expected at Buena Vista on the 15th. Passing through Durango, they took possession of a small fort, one Captain, 21 privates and forty-six stand of arms. The Captain and his men were released on parole, and Col. Doniphan was to furnish them with arms to defend themselves against the Camanches. At Massey he found one hundred and twenty-five muskets, and eighty-five lances. The troops fled on his approach.

Gen. Cushing has received orders to join General Taylor immediately at Monterey, with the Massachusetts regiment. Capt. Edward Webster had been appointed his aid.

Gen. Cadwallader has ordered an election to fill the vacant colonelcy occasioned by Gen. Cushing's promotion.

Three men of the Massachusetts regiment recetly deserted, and were murdered by the Camanches.

Gen. Taylor has determined to employ the new Texan battalion.

A letter from San Luis Potosi says the hospital there is crowded with Mexican soldiers, who are dying by scores, of starvation and neglect. Even the citizens are suffering for want of the common necessaries of life.

The enemy has evacuated San Luis.—The troops have all left.

We are informed that Capt. Sands, late of the U. S. steamer Vixen, cruising in the Gulf of Mexico, arrived in town today with despatches from Com. Perry for the Navy Department. He brings with him a number of flags taken from the enemy at Tuspan; also, those of the Truxtun, which were recaptured. Capt. S. is also in charge of some beautiful brass ordnance taken from the Castle of San Juan de Ulloa, brought as trophies to be put at the disposal of the Government. They are now on board the United States ship St. Mary's, at Norfolk.

Union, June 2.

From Matamoros.—The Transcript states that a letter was received in town yesterday morning from Lieut. Col. Wright, dated May 22d, which states that the Massachusetts regiment was to take up the line of march for Monterey on the following day.

Capt. Ashley has arrived home from Matamoros, says the Times, upon leave of absence until October, to recruit his health.

Capture of Marauders.—On the 5th inst. Col. Randolph, of the Virginia Regiment, made a sudden attack on a party of Mexican marauders, at China, and captured forty of them. They belonged to Canale's command.

The health of Gen. Taylor's army was highly satisfactory; the Small Pox had nearly disappeared, the few remaining cases not being in the least degree malignant.

The Matamoras *Flag*, of the 19th inst., says: Carabajal still keeps himself in this vicinity; his camp is about sixty miles hence, on the San Fernando road. The force under his command is small—not exceeding fifty men—but sufficient to plunder all trading parties coming in or going out from Matamoros.

Captain Mayes was killed, in the most wanton manner, by a Massachusetts volunteer, in Matamoros, on the 12th inst., because he would not give the latter some liquor. The assassin is in custody, and will be punished.

Caught a Tartar.—Between Camargo and Mier, a short time ago, three Mexicans were waylaying the road to rob a Mexican merchant of Matamoros, who they knew was coming down from Mier with a large amount of money in his possession. The merchant had three men with him, and it chanced, before he reached the spot where the robbers had posted themselves, that three of the Texan Rangers, who had been out on a scout, struck into the road a short distance ahead of him, pursuing their way down to Camargo. It was after dark, and the robbers mistook the rangers for the merchant's party. They ordered them to halt and deliver, and the rangers did halt and deliver—but they delivered bullets instead of money, and left not a robber able to carry off his load—all were killed, and the merchant passed down in safety.

The mule train which left Matamoros about the 12th inst., for Camargo, under an escort of Massachusetts Volunteers, commanded by Captain Walsh, reached there in safety; the report about their being attacked and the mules stampeded, turned out to be incorrect.

Dates from Chihuahu to April 3d, received at St. Louis, are contradictory to those received on Thursday from the south. The St. Louis advices state that Col. Doniphan countermarched, April 3d, on Santa Fe to quell a supposed rebellion.

A letter published in the New Orleans La Patria states that Santa Anna entered the city of Mexico on the 19th, and that he was stoned by the populacy.

Great fears are entertained of an attack upon Tampico. The garrison consists of only 300 troops.

From the Army.—We have been politely furnished with a letter from Mr. John T. Hughes, of Doniphan's regiment, to his brother in this county, from which we make the following extracts. The letter is dated.

Saltillo, April 4, 1847. * * I am now in Saltillo, the capital of the State of Coahuila. I am in Gen. Taylor's and Wool's camp, and will tell you how I came here.—Col. Doniphan determined after the battle of Sacramento, to send an express to Gen. Wool; myself and thirteen other men volunteered our services to bear his express. We left Chihuahua on the 20th March, and arrived here on the 2d of April, 14 days, a distance of near 600 miles through the enemy's country. We had to travel all the way in the night, over mauntains and deserts—through thorns and prickly pear bushes.

We passed the follwing route—from Chihuahua to Santa Rosalia thence to Guajaguilla, thence to Malpimi in Durango, thence to San Sebastian, on the Rio Nasus, thence to Parras and thence to Saltillo.—At San Sebastian an attempt was made to take us prisoners. Don Ignatius Jermanez told us he had orders to stop us and make prisoners of us, and take us to Durango.—We told him if he wanted us to take us.—He and about one hundred men demanded of us our passports,. We showed them our rifles and holsters—these are the passports of American citizens. They followed us 75 miles meditating an attack, but finally left us and we got here safely.

We will start back shortly. I think Gen. Wool will order Col. Doniphan to join him with all his force. Gen. Wool has sent Doniphan's despatches to Gen. Taylor, at Monterey, to have his advice on the subject. * * * * * *

This is a large city—a little larger than Chihuahua, but not so fine. It contains a magnificent church, and its population is near 39,000.—*Fayette Times.*

Take 'em All.—A few days ago, at the rendezvous of Capt. Chase, in the Tenth Ward, a woman with a chubby child in her arms, appeared, and demanded a sight at the officer. Lieut. Goodloe presented himself. "So, sir, you've clapped your dirty sojer tramppings on my husband, have you."

"Who is your husband, madam," demanded the Lieut.

"Billey McMurtee, and a bold boy he is, so plase ye. But it's a dirty thing o' you, my pretty man, to take him from his wife and children."

"Can't be helped," said the Lieut. "It's too late now."

"Then take the baby, too," cried the woman, as she forced the child into the arms of Lieut. Goodloe.

"Take 'em all, I'll send you four more the day."

Off she ran at a rapid pace, leaving the unfortunate Lieut. with the *new recruit* squalling in his arms. Doubtful of its value to the service of Uncle Sam, he sent it home by the father.—*Cin. Com.*

Major Gen. Patterson has arrived in Philadelphia, and will remain with his family a short time before returning to the seat of war.

Another Requisition upon Missouri. The War Department has called upon the Governor of Missouri for a battalion of five companies of mounted volunteers, to serve "during the war with Mexico," and to occupy the posts to be established on the Oregon.

The Recruits under the "ten Regiment act" are coming in rather fast, 550, rank and file, have arrived yesterday and today from Cincinnati. Our streets are now crowded with the returned volunteers, most of whom have been paid off. Many of them present a pitiable spectacle of sickness and want, broken both in health and in purse. The city is full of the lower order of blacklegs, who are ever on the watch to plunder these poor fellows of their hard earned pay, and the police are compelled to unceasing vigilance to prevent constant robberies by these relentless "land sharks."

N. O. Pic., May 30.

Lieut. Hunter and his Friends.—With a good sense and good taste which do him credit, Lieut. Hunter respectfully declines to receive the sword and epaulette which some friends in town were about to present to him. He does not feel that he should receive them, while under the censure of a court-martial.

New York Express.

Naval.—The U. S. ship of the line Ohio, Capt. Stringham, has been towed to the Navy Yard, where she is to be thoroughly caulked and otherwise put in complete order, previously to sailing for the Pacific as flag ship to Com. T. Ap Catesby Jones. It is understood that she is to take out as passengers his Excellency David Tod, Minister to the Court of Brazil, to be landed at Rio Janeiro, and Mr. Barton to Chili.

Gen. Taylor and the Battle of Buena Vista.—We are authorized to say, that Gen. Taylor never used the expression, which has obtained such general currency through the public press, that "if there had been only regulars in the battle of Buena Vista, he would probably have lost the day, as the Mississippi volunteers were whipped three times, without knowing it." This he considers is doing great injustice to the regular army.

The letter, under which we make the above statement, continues, and says, "so far from entertaining such a sentiment, the General lamented nothing more strongly, than his entire want of regular infantry—as a brigade, or even a strong battalion would have enabled him to carry the enemy's artillery, and to have entirely destroyed his army."

We are further authorized to deny the report, that the officers next in rank, were opposed to giving battle, which is entirely untrue, and is calculated to injure those officers if allowed to circulate uncontradicted.—*New Orleans Bulletin.*

Gen. Pillow.—About twenty officers, of the 2d Tennessee Regiment have published an Address to the Public, in which they impeach the military capacity of Gen. Pillow and accuse him of incompetency in the conduct of his command at Cerro Gordo, in consequence of which his soldiers suffered great loss and were compelled to retire from an assault which ought never to have been ordered. The Louisville Journal says that "General Pillow has procured and published a couple of certificates to prove that it was not himself, but General Patterson that was responsible for the digging of the ditch on the wrong side of the breastwork at Camargo.

BY THE MAILS.

Fire in Fairhaven.—At about 12 o'clock on Wednesday night, as we learn from Hatch's Express, a barn attached to an unoccupied public house at the head of the Acushnet river, was found to be on fire and was totally destroyed, together with two dwelling houses, one of which was occupied by Cyrus E. Clark, Postmaster, who kept his office in the building. A bowling alley was also destroyed. The other house was occupied by a Mrs. Hathaway, whose husband is at sea. Most of the furniture of the building was got out somewhat damaged. The tavern which had been occupied by James Thomas, had been vacated by him only the day before. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary, and is supposed to have been done to prevent some obnoxious personage from occupying the tavern, which, however, was uninjured.

Bost. Traveller.

A Sad Tale.—The Norwich Courier gives the story of a fellow calling himself Guy, an itinerant Indian doctor, who, on Saturday last, seduced the daughter of a widow to leave her home in the neighboring town of Greenville with him, and go to N. York, where they went through some mock ceremony, and lived together several days as man and wife. The mother of the girl, upon hearing that she had gone off with Guy, exclaimed "then my daughter is ruined," fell down senseless, and remained in that condition until Thursday, when she died. Meanwhile, on Wednesday the girl reappeared at Greenville, and Guy at Norwich. A mob was immediately raised at the latter place, and he fled to Greenville, where the same excitement prevailed. An assembly of three or four hundred people, men, women and children, pursued him, determined to tar and feather him, and ride him out of town on a rail. He was rescued, however, and imprisoned, but as no one appeared against him, he was discharged. He came to Norwich from Providence, passed for an unmarried man, though it was said he had a wife in Springfield. The girl is said to have been of good character, was engaged to be married to a young man in Norwich, and was probably weak and silly enough to become the victim of the scoundrel who enticed her from home.

Hail Storm.—A friend writing to us from Harrisburg, under date of June 3, says: "On Tuesday, a most destructive hail storm passed over and through a part of York county, and did great damage to the crops. One farmer a few miles from Pittsburgh, suffers a loss of about $2000 to his crops."—*Phil. U. S. Gaz.*

Sporting.—There was a very large attendance, on Wednesday, at the Union Course, to witness the match between Lady Suffolk and Hector, two mile heats, under the saddle. The match was for $500, Hiram Woodruff to ride Hector, and Lady Suffolk to carry Hiram's weight, (184 lbs.) The first heat was very closely contested, the horses going lapped together for the last mile and a half, Lady Suffolk finally winning the heat by less than a foot, in 5: 16 1-2. Lady Suffolk also won the second heat and money, time 5: 24. The time was very good, considering the track was not in first rate order.—*N. Y. Express.*

Destructive Fire.—The stable of Mr. Haefer of Louisville, Ky., was burnt on the night of the 29th ult. and twenty-eight horses perished in the flames.

Blasting with Gun Cotton.—Some very successful attempts have been made recently to blast rocks near Liverpool, England, at a quarry from whence nearly all the stone used in constructing the Birkenhead dock has been taken. Great success attended the operations, large stones being removed by the cotton, whereas the gunpowder broke it into comparatively small pieces. In one instance, a mass of stone almost fourteen tons weight, was removed by 6 oz of gun cotton; and in another instance a large mass of stone was severed from the rock by 8 oz of cotton, a much smaller quantity being displaced by a charge of 2 1-8 lb of gunpowder. The scientific gentlemen who witnessed the operations, decided at once upon the superiority of gun cotton in removing large masses of stone.

A New Speculation.—The English have discovered a new object for importation. The natives of Australia have magnificent teeth which they are willing to part with for mere trifles, as handkerchiefs, knives, or other things of like value. An English merchant in Australia has entered largely in this speculation, having sent several boxes of human teeth to London, where they have been eagerly bought up by the dentists.

Rail Road Accident.—Mr. William B. Harris of Ohio, was killed on the Norwich Rail Road, at Oxford Depot Tuesday afternoon. He arrived at Oxford from Norwich on the accommodation train, where that train was switched off the track to await the arrival of the steamboat train from Boston. Mr. H. was standing when the steamboat train arrived, on the platform near the depot. When the whistle sounded, he said to a person standing near him, "Good by,—I am going home," and rushed for the accommodation cars just ahead of the steamboat train, which was coming in, and fell upon the iron fender of the cow catcher, which entered his side. He was dragged several rods, with his head and arms dashing against the sleeper of the road, before he could be rescued. The back of his head was broken in, and his arms horribly mutilated.—*Providence Transcript.*

John Baxter, one of the murderers of Col. Davenport, has been again sentenced to death. The court read to him the act of the last Illinois legislature, granting him the choice of being hung or imprisoned for life. He chose the latter punishment.

It has been decided by Judge Parsons, of Philadelphia, that the "good will" of a newspaper establishment is a right which passes to the owner's heirs.

A Farmer's Barometer.—A writer in the Georgia Farmer gives directions for making a cheap barometer, to aid in foretelling the weather. He takes a stick three feet long, and attaches to the butt end a phial, full of air of course, and corked tight. The stick is then suspended in a horizontal position on a pivot, where it will readily turn, say on a thread tied near its centre. When the storm is coming on, the air outside is lighter than that within the phial; of course the phial sinks, and indicates a change in the atmosphere. Such a barometer may be made in ten minutes, and some of our young philosophic farmers will incline to have barometers of their own manufacture.

A sad joke occurred recently in Portland, Me. A lady of that place expecting a large company to tea, sent for a quantity of cream of tartar to raise her biscuit. By mistake tartar emetic was got. The biscuits were beautiful light, and the guests ate heartily, one lady exclaiming there "never was anything so nice." The meal was hardly over when the emetic began to work, and gentlemen and ladies fell to vomiting with might and main.

The Sound Steamers.—The new and splendid steamer Cornelius Vanderbilt has been placed on the Stonington line, and is to run to and from New York in connection with the Oregon. There is to be no rivalry between the two boats hereafter, their pretensions for swiftness being perfectly undisputed. The Vanderbilt has superior accommodations for passengers, having been constructed with a view to their comfort and convenience.

Sudden and Melancholy Death.—As a daughter of Mr. Abram Benjamin, aged about 4 years, was going along the shore of Buffalo Creek, opposite the ship yard Friday afternoon, with her mother, near a rope, one end of which was fastened to a stake in the bank, and the other to a boat or vessel on the opposite side of the creek, a canal boat came down the creek and caught the rope, when the end fastened to the stake slipped off and with great force struck the child and knocked her against a pile of lumber, fracturing her skull in a terrible manner, and killing her instantly.

Buffalo Com. Adv.

The world never chooses to attack a man in prosperous circumstances.

The Game Laws.—An association has recently been formed in this town for the purpose of taking effective measures to enforce all violations of the laws respecting game. A reward has been offered to induce those residing in the vicinity of shooting grounds to keep a strict watch over them, and furnish proof against these offenders. Laws have been enacted to protect birds for a period of time sufficient for them to arrive at their growth, and if all would respect these laws, not only would there be more and better game, but every one would have an *equal chance.*

Worcester Telegraph.

A citizen of Baltimore has made three several attempts at self-destruction during the past week, by hanging himself. He suspended himself by the neck on the first night, with a strong determination to die, but his wife discovered him and cut him down. The next night he attempted the same foolish act, and again his wife interposed and cut him down. The third night he again suspended himself, with a most determined effort at strangling. His wife, seeing his resolution and fixed determination to die, thought it nonsense to be cutting him down, and very complacently told him to hang as long as he pleased. He hung a considerable time, until he began to feel short winded, and seeing his wife did not interpose, with a desperate effort seized a knife, and cut himself down! He had not at the last account made a fourth attempt.

Idle Workmen.—The Manchester Examiner states, with reference to the manufacturing districts, that 347 mills are going full time, 495 short time, and 95 closed.—Of the workmen, 77,000 have constant employ, 84,000 get work a part of the week, and 24,000 are unemployed. There was no prospect of any immediate improvement.

The citizens of Fall River are to have a grand time on the 5th July. A public dinner—an Oration, procession, fireworks and torch light procession in the evening.

The Late General Dromgoole.—This distinguished but unhappy gentleman, who lately died a few days after his election to Congress, had the misfortune some ten or twelve years ago to kill in a duel, an old friend with whom he had a momentary dispute. We well remember at the time the excitement which this event caused in the District. Mr. Dugger, the unfortunate antagonist of General Dromgoole, was universally admired and esteemed by all his neighbors, and by none more than General D. himself. A slight difficulty, having no serious origin or bearing, arose between Dugger and Dromgoole, at a dinner given to the latter. This difficulty was adjusted the next day, and the two friends resumed their relations of cordial friendship and good will, when unhappily, some busybodies interfered and provoked Gen. D. to renew the difficulty. A challenge consequently passed, and the parties went into North Carolina to fight a duel. At the time it was universally believed that General Dromgoole would be killed. He was almost blind, unused to fire arms, and of a nervous temperament. Dugger, on the contrary, was a stout, prompt man, with a quick eye and considerable reputation as a shot. The result of the duel shocked the whole country. Dugger was shot through the heart at the first fire. He left a wife and several children, and a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn his loss; but their sufferings, keen as they must have been were mild indeed compared with the agony of conscience and affliction of soul which this unhappy event caused to the unfortunate survivor. Naturally generous and warm-hearted, of strong feelings and tender susceptibility, Dromgoole was nearly maddened by this unhappy affair. He sought relief in acts of kindness to the family and friends of the lamented Dugger—in the stir and conflict of party struggles—and, also! too often in the wild excitement of the wine-cup.

Those who have sighed over the lamentable weakness which this distinguished man too often exhibited, even when occupying a prominent position before the country and exciting the warmest admiration of his brilliant talents, little knew the probable cause of his unfortunate habits.

But he is now gone, and peace to his memory! Let not his weakness darken or obscure the bright reputation as a statesman and orator, as a man and a gentleman, which he has left behind him.

As some atonement to the family of the gentleman whom General Dromgoole had the misfortune to kill, we perceive in a Virginia paper, that he has left the bulk of his fortune, which was considerable, to the widow and children of his unfortunate antagonist. This last act should cover a multitude of sins.—*New Orleans Delta.*

Remarkable Phenomenon.—The Cincinnati Signal records the following singular phenomenon, in possession of Dr. Chapman, of that city:

"It consists of two young pigs, having the heads of elephants. The proboscis, mouth, teeth, ears, eyes, and so far as we have been able to judge, from a superficial examination, the head perfectly formed of an elephant. In one case, the proboscis is thrown over and back of the head, in the position we sometimes see the elephant hold it. In the other, it hangs over the mouth. The eyes of one are in the usual place for the elephant's while in the other, they are situated near the centre of the forehead, not unlike the hippotamus. The skin of one of these prodigies has hair like a dog; the other, precisely like an elephant.

Spinning is now all the fashion among the Parisian ladies. It was introduced by the Dutchess of Orleans, whose wheel is ivory, ornamented with gold and ebony; and this year wheels have been offered as New Year's gifts to many elegant young ladies.

A Scene.—A young man named Ryninger attempted yesterday afternoon to connect himself, *a la* magnetic telegraph, across the Schuylkill river. The wire was stretched, the crowd was duly gathered, and lined the river in hundreds—women and children as usual, occupying the front rank.

At length Mr. Ryninger appeared, dressed harlequinwise. He mounted the wire with a hesitating step, and when about one third across, his slippery bridge broke down, and he was precipitated into the river.

Nothing cooled, the wire was mended and he started again. This time he made better progress; and the excited crowd were just about congratulating themselves upon the possession of a new lion, when the temeritous adventurer lost his balance, and fell a second time into the river, striking his shoulder against the boat that kept along beneath him and receiving a somewhat severe injury.

After this choice folly, Mr. Ryninger departed in a very unsatisfactory frame of mind, while the foolish crowd went about its business.—*Philadelphia American* 8th.

The Practical Sciences.—The Hon. Abbott Lawrence has recently made a donation to Harvard University, of $50,000 for the purpose of erecting needful buildings and in part creating a fund to sustain two professors of practical science at Cambridge. His proposition is, to have a department established, and furnished with three professors, including the Rumford Professor already appointed, for the purpose of furnishing young men with an extensive, practical, scientific education. He proposes that special attention be given to Engineering, Mining, and the Invention and Manufacture of Machinery.

The donation has been thankfully acknowledged by the Corporation of the College, who pledge their best efforts to carry out the enlightened suggestions of the munificent donor.

Warning to Church Builders!—The Newark Daily Advertiser—an authority not likely to be questioned—has the following severe criticism:

"Dr. Cox's congregation on Sunday worshipped for the first time yesterday at Brooklyn in their new Gothic church, which has all the rudeness and none of the richness, all of the barbarism and none of the beauties, of the style which it apes. It is one of the worst specimens of ecclesastical architecture in the vicinity of N York, and proves the impotence of money to purchase beauty in art, when the expenditure is not made by intelligence and good taste."

A Fight Extraordinary.—At or near the gap of the Green Swamp, in Brunswick county, N. C., a fight took place, about the first of last month, between a she-bear, with cubs, and a four year old boar. The bear attacked the boar, with the design, probably, of obtaining fresh pork for her cubs—but there was a "slip between the cup and the lip"—the boar killed the bear, and thus was the ordinary rule "in such case made and provided," reversed in favor of the swine.

Robbing a Constable.—*Its foolishness exemplified.*—Yesterday afternoon one of our city constables, dressed in sober black, with spectacles on nose, was standing in Washington-street, searching his apparently well-filled wallet for some memorandum or paper, which having found, he deliberately closed it and deposited it again in his pocket. This operation was probably seen by some rogue in search of plunder, who taking the said constable for a substantial gentleman from the country with a pocket full of money, watched his opportunity, and removed the wallet to his own person, and started post-haste for the Common, to examine at leisure the fruits of his rascality. No one can know the exact feelings of the thief when he found that he had come in possession of such a lot of old writs, ejectments, and other legal documents; but there must have been considerable *disgust* in his mind as he threw it from him upon the Common, where it was found and restored to its owner, minus a few writs, which the loser thinks will be of no sort of use to the thief.—*Boston Traveller of Wednesday.*

Horrible.—Mr. Robert Meldron, an old and respectable citizen residing near Deerfield, Ohio, met his death in the following horrible manner; He had been engaged on his farm in burning brush and trees; a tree that had been fired fell across his thighs, holding him fast. And there he was held in that iron vice, no human ear to hear his shrieks, no hand to help, yet the flames crawling slowly to his side, first warming, then blistering, and finally seizing the vitals. When discovered, he was nearly consumed, and it was difficult to recognize in the crisped mass of detached bones, any trace of humanity.—*Cin. Com.*

Great Fishing.—Our boatmen have reaped a golden harvest from the briny sea during the last two months. Within that time they have taken about 15,000 cod and as many dog-fish, besides hallibut, bass, &c. The codfish are worth, clear of expenses, $7 per hundred, or in all, $1050; the dogfish are worth, on an average, $3 per hundred, or 450. The oil obtained from the dogfish is worth about an hundred dollars. We can safely add another hundred for the halibut and bass taken; which makes the handsome sum of seventeen hundred dollars.—*Edgartown Gaz. June 3.*

Too much Business.—The pressure of flour and other produce on its way to Europe, quite overwhelms the means of movements. At the lower end of South street there is neither dock, wharf, or street room enough, nor are there lighters enough, nor drays, nor coopers to line the barrels, and put other packages in order.

N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

NEWPORT MERCURY,

NEWPORT.

SATURDAY MORN., JUNE 12, 1847.

YEARLY MEETING.—The yearly meeting of the Society of Friends in New England, commences in this town this day; it begins by a select meeting at 9 o'clock, A. M.—The public meeting for worship takes place on the following day at 10 o'clock in the morning and at 4 in the afternoon. The meetings for business commences on Monday morning, and continue most of the week.

The smaller body of Friends will hold their meetings in their *new* Meeting House in Mann Avenue.

The U. S. Circuit Court, judge Woodbury presiding, will commence its June term in this town, on Tuesday next.

PRESIDENT POLK will probably visit the east about the last of this month. The collector of New York has informed the Mayor of that city that the President has expressed the intention of visiting New York about the 20th; and the Councils have taken measures to extend to him the civilities due to his rank.

Hezekiah Willard, Esq., collector of the port of Providence, R. I., died in that city on Sunday.

We understand that letters from the Rev. Mr. THAYER, were received by the last Steamer, announcing his safe arrival at Liverpool on the 17th ult.

John Quincy Adams arrived at his residence in Quincy on Saturday, with his health considerably improved.

CONFECTIONARY, FANCY GOODS, &c.—One of the most splendidly stocked stores in Newport, for the sale of these articles, is that of H. YOUNG, next south of the Town Hall, whose advertisements will be found in another column. All that is rich and rare, tasteful and beautiful, may be found at his shop. He has on hand, a prime assortment of cigars, and those who *will* smoke, and enjoy a good cigar will be sure to find the article there.

NEW YORK.—The election under the new constitution, of judges and clerks of the court of appeals, county judges, surrogates, and district attorneys, took place on Monday. The two parties made nominations throughout the state. In the city of New York, the democrats chose their judicial officers by large majorities.

IMMIGRANTS TO CANADA.—Accounts from the immigrant depot at Grosse Isle, in the St. Lawrence, state that the number in the hospitals, sheds, churches and tents, on the 2d inst., was about 1100 and there were many yet to land. About forty vessels were lying there, with at least 12,000 passengers on board, many of them sick, and all the hospitals and sheds on shore full of sick already.

HORSES.—The New Orleans Southerner says: "There have been shipped from this port by the Quarter Master's Department, since the first of January last, two thousand nine hundred and seven horses, destined for the use of the army in Mexico, besides a large number brought here by companies already mounted. Two thousand four hundred and ninety-six of the number shipped have been purchased in this city, at an average cost of one hundred dollars each."

GEN. TAYLOR.—An accurate likeness of Gen. Taylor, to be seen at the window of the U. S. Clothing Store, has attracted much attention for several days past. It is said by those who know Old Rough and Ready, to be very good.

BIBLE SOCIETY OF MASSACHUSETTS.—The number of Bibles and Testaments which have been given by this society, the past year, is as follows:—

To seamen, 1313 Bibles and 335 Testaments; Sunday Schools, 467 do and 361 do; United States ships of war, 234 do and 99 do volunteers to army of U. S. 319 Bibles; to City Missions and Ministers at large, 179 Bibles; to Massachusetts General Hospital and U. S. Marine Hospital, 46 Bibles and 35 Testaments; for public houses within the city, 96 Bibles; for schools and destitute individuals, 731 Bibles and 1201 Testaments.

LIQUOR SUITS.—Forty-three suits brought by the overseers of the town of Newburgh, N. Y., against as many individuals, for the recovery of penalties ranging from $1075 to $375 for alleged violations of the Excise law of the State, have been set aside by the Supreme Court, as irregular and void.—The costs of the suits will bear severely upon the town, if, as is the usual practice, they are assessed upon the party non-suited.

An order has been issued to the workmen on the Concord railroad corporation, forbidding the delivery of any daily papers in the work shops.

That old Portuguese teak vessel, the Gen. Jackson, of Bristol, R. I., has finally found a watery grave off Key West. She had been afloat, most of her, more than a hundred years.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—The Worcester Telegraph relates a during case of the robbery of Mr. Samuel Clough, of New England village, on Thursday evening, while returning from Worcester. The robber is described as a well dressed Irishman, armed with a rifle, who stopped the horse of Mr. C., and under threats of death obtained his pocket-book, containing $15, and a manufacturer's handbill resembling a $100 note. This handbill the robber offered in payment of a ticket at the railroad depot in the village, next morning, where a description of it had been left, with an account of the robbery. He was followed to Worcester and arrested, after making an attempt to swim Quinsigamond Pond. He gave his name as James McGuire, and was committed in default of bail of $5000 to take his trial in September.

A MOTHER'S COURAGE AND PRESENCE OF MIND.—A little girl just able to prattle, recently fell into a cistern in St. Louis, the top of which was covered with an oilcloth. The mother heard the slight scream of the child, rushed into the yard, and calling upon another lady to hold her from falling in, she reached down into the cistern and caught the child as it rose to the surface the third time, by the tips of the fingers. The mother was so nearly beyond her balance that the lady assisting her could scarcely hold her from falling in, and the mother, therefore, could not reach an inch farther; she raised the child, however, by the fingers, snatched another hold, and by great exertion drew her little one safely from its perilous situation.

The girl, who ran off with the bowling saloon-keeper, the other day, in New York, is not likely to realize much of her anticipated happiness therefrom. She had the misfortune to elope with the husband of another young woman almost as pretty as herself, and who takes the affair very coolly, appearing to think that of the two, she has the best of the adventure.

One of the London journals near court is quite surprised that Brother Jonathan should be able to produce an article of dress, outrivalling in fineness and beauty, any thing of the French order. This surprise is created by the fact of the Queen's wearing one of the beautiful Gossamer Neapolitan Bonnets, manufactured by Messrs. Pattison, Noe & Co., in this city. The Queen here shows good taste, and so do the ladies of court, who also patronize the same bonnet, show equal good taste and judgment in discarding the flimsy outlandish French millinery, and adopting a really elegant, rich and chaste finish to their usually rich dresses,—*True Sun.*

SINGULAR CASUALTY.—A gentleman of our city was seriously injured Sunday evening in the following manner. He had been for some time under the direction of a physician, in the habit, before retiring to bed, of bathing his person in alcohol. On the evening in question, he completed his ablutions, and in addition bathed his head and face freely in *cold water*, and while placing the extinguisher over the candle, with the intention of retiring to bed, a drop of the spirits, as is supposed, fell upon the wick, and he was immediately enveloped in flames. The water upon his head and face secured them from injury, but his whole body and limbs, we understand, were very seriously burned. His room-mate, who was awakened by his screams, extinguished the flames.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

There is this difference betwenen happiness and wisdom. He that thinks himself the happiest man is really so, but he that thinks himself the wisest is generally the greatest fool.

SINGULAR ACCIDENT.—One of our worthy physicians, while engaged in writing at his dwelling a few evenings since, was aroused by a loud noise very near him, like the report of a musket. On looking up he perceived that a valuable looking glass plate, very large and thick, was split across, a foot or more from the bottom. It was soon after discovered that the plate was broken by the heat of a solar lamp which stood near it in front.—*Bost. Adv.*

TEXAS SUGAR.—The editors of the Journal of Commerce have received a fine sample of sugar raised in Texas. The correspondent who sends the specimen speaks in high terms of the adaptation of the soil and climate of Texas to this production, and thinks that the county of Brazoria alone, will yield, the present season, 3000 hogsheads.

LETTER FROM A LUNATIC.—His Honor the Mayor of New York lately received a letter from one of the inmates of the Lunatic Asylum, on Blackwell's Island, expressing an earnest desire to be released from his confinement. He begged to be set at liberty, on the ground that the plague which had lately raged in the city had abated, and he was willing to run the risk of once more mingling with his fellowmen—evidently laboring under the impression that he had been sent to the Asylum merely for the purpose of escaping a plague. He speaks in the severest terms of the Police officers, and says that he cannot afford to pay for their pleasure rides in the omnibuses. He also alludes to his attending physician, whom he pronounces in a hopeful state, believing that he (the physician) will yet recover from the evils of a disordered intellect.

RELIEF FOR IRELAND.—More than one hundred and fifty thousand dollars has been received by the N. Y. Relief Committee, and invested in provisions, and nearly the whole has been already delivered to the poor of Ireland.—*N. Y. Jour. of Com.*

SEVERE DANCING.—A member of the "Lehman Family," a few evenings since, at Cincinnati, dislocated her knee while dancing upon the stage.

GREAT BARGAIN IN A WIFE.—The Sag Harbor Corrector tells a story about a runaway wife. The woman went to Sag Harbor with a man, and passed for his wife, and the mistake was only discoved when the real husband came for his runaway. He at once had the man arrested for running away with his wife, but she got over this by stating that she ran off with the man.—A second ineffectual attempt was made to put the man in prison for stealing the clothes the woman had upon her, but the matter was finally settled by the man, who paid ten dollars in cash and gave a double barrelled gun besides.

Mrs Anne Maria King, aged 28, who had been married nine months, committed suicide by laudanum in Philadelphia, from distress at being unable to ascertain where her former husband, from whom she was divorced, had placed her daughter. Mr. K. is much older than the deceased, & has a large family by a first wife, from whom he is also divorced.

Four prisoners escaped from Blackwell's Island on Thursday, by taking Dr. Reese's boat and pulling lustily for the Long Island shore. They have not yet been taken.
New York Tribune.

☞ Rev. MR. GILES will preach at the Union Meeting House in Portsmouth, to-morrow, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

BRIGHTON MARKET, MONDAY, June 7, 1847.
(Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser.)

At market 570 Beef Cattle, 20 yoke of Working Oxen, 25 Cows and Calves, 800 Sheep, and about 975 Swine. 120 Beef Cattle unsold.

PRICES.

Beef Cattle.—We reduce our quotations to conform to sales, viz: first quality $7 second $6 a 6 50; third $5 a 5 75.

Working Oxen.—Sales at $75, $85, $90, $110, and $130.

Cows and Calves.—Sales at $23, $27, $33, $35, $42, and $48.

Sheep.—Sales at 2 75, 3 25, and 3 50; a few cossets 7 25 each.

Swine.—Lots to peddle at 5½c for Sows and 6½c for Barrows. At retail from 6 to 8c.

From the Boston Courier, Monday, June 7, 1847.

WOOL.—There has been no change in this article since our last report. The stock is very light, and must continue so until the new clip begins to come in, which will not be for some weeks yet.

Prices of Wool.—Prime Saxony Fleeces, washed, *lb.* 45 *a* 50; American Full Blood, do, 40 *a* 45; do ¾ do 36 *a* 38; do ½ do 32 *a* 33; do ¼ and common do 28 *a* 30; Extra Northern pulled lamb 38 *a* 42; Super do do do 33 *a* 35; No. 1 do do do 28 *a* 30; 2 do do do 19 *a* 20; 3 do do do 14 *a* 15.

THE WHOLE WORLD SHOULD KNOW IT.

That Dr. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT is a certain cure for Asthma, and that for coughs, colds, consumption, whooping cough, croup, bronchitis, and every other disease of the lungs or throat, it is sure to produce the most decided benefit. It is recommended by thousands who have tried it, and all say that it is the best remedy, without any exception, for all Pulmonary Diseases that has ever been known, for it always gives relief, and cures when every other means have failed.

JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS.

These pills may be taken *at all times*, and in most diseases; in inflammatory, intermittent, remittent, bilious, and every form of FEVER—Jaundice and Liver Complaint. For Dyspepsia they are really an invaluable article, gradually changing the vitiated secretions of the stomach and liver, and producing healthy action in those important organs. They are very valuable for diseases of the Skin, and for what is commonly called impurity of the blood; also for Female Complaints, Costiveness, &c., and in fact for every disease where an Aperient, Alternative, or purgative medicine may be required.

Dyspepsia positively can be cured by a persevering use of this Sanative, especially if the Tonic Vermifuge be used in conjunction.

Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne, Philadelphia, and sold on agency by DR. R. R. HAZARD, Near the State House, *Newport, R. I.*

MARRIAGES.

In this town on the 2d inst., Mr. ANDREW V. Dodge, of Roxbury, Mass., to Miss SARAH A. MILLIKEN, of this place.

In this town on Thursday evening last, Mr. CLARKE H. BURDICK to Miss MARY, daughter of Mr. Pitts Southwick, all of this place.

At the Friends Meeting House in South Kingstown, on the 9th inst., ASA SHERMAN, Jr., of Fall River, to LOIS PERRY, daughter of William S. Perry, of that place.

In Portsmouth, on the 24th ult., Mr. EDWARD DEBLOIS to Miss MARY ANN, daughter of Mr. Jonathan Talman, both of P.

In East Greenwich, on Monday, 7th inst., by Rev. Mr. Crane, Mr. JOSEPH WINSOR to Miss MARION LOUISA, daughter of James McClellan, Esq. late of Pomfret, Ct.

In Tiverton 3d inst., Mr. STEPHEN CRANDALL, in the 81st year of his age, to Miss MARTHA PALMER, in the 50th year of her age.

DEATHS.

At Portsmouth, on Monday last, Capt. ALLEN FISH, of Baltimore, aged 63 years.

MERCURY MARINE LIST.

PORT OF NEWPORT.

ARRIVED.

SATURDAY, June 5.

Sch'r Wm Penn, Winslow, fm Providence for New Bedford; Mary, Lethering, fm Norfolk for Providence; Two Marys, Phinney, fm Boston for New York; Spy, Lewis, fm Providence for do; Princess, Suttle, fm do for Greenport; Mary Shields, Clark, fm do for do; Mary, Howland, fm Providence for Boston; Oregon, Joslin, fm do for Hartford; Oscar Coles, Howland, fm Norfolk for orders.

MONDAY, June 7.

Sch'r Commodore, Gardner, fm Providence for Albany.

TUESDAY, June 8.

Sch'rs President Harrison, Nickerson, fm Harwich for Fall River; George Washington, Read, fm Fall River for Philadelphia; Oneco, Crowell, fm Boston for do; Cinderilla, Crowell, fm do for do; Statesman, Ingraham, fm Linconville; Argus, Littlefield, fm Block Island for Providence.

Sloops Moses Eddy, Bliven, fm New York for Providence; Caroline, Brightman, fm Fall River for New York.

WEDNESDAY, June 9.

Brig Peru, Johnson, fm Machias for New York.

Sch'rs Albert M. Halle, Chase, fm Boston for Philadelphia; Harriet, Baker, fm do for do; Robert Randolph, Sears, fm do for New York; Fame, Brown, fm Cherryfield for do; Caroline Hoppin, Boardman, fm Fall River for Camden; Exchange, Thomas, fm Thomaston for New York; Brilliant, fm Addison for Philadelphia; Abner Hall, Nickerson, fm Providence for do.

THURSDAY, June 10.

Sch'r Vesper, Staples, fm Norfolk.

Sloop Empress, Howes, fm Dennis for Hartford; Vigilant, Heath, fm Providence.

FRIDAY, June 11.

Sch'r Superior, Ball, fm Providence for Block Island.

MARINE MEMORANDA.

Sch'r Warsaw, Burdick, fm Brazos, arr at New Orleans the 30th.

Sch'r Medium, Swasey, sl'd fm Charleston the 8th for New York.

Brig Annawon, Swasey, cl'd at New Orleans the 29th for New York.

Brig Prince de Joinville, Gardner, fm Havana, arr at New Orleans the 27th, and was adv the 29th for Savannah.

Brig Algonquin, Mayberry, went to sea from Philadelphia the 2d for Boston.

Spoken, no date, lat 30 28, lon 71 31, sch'r George Engs, Smart, 10 days from New Orleans for Guadaloupe.

Was passed about May 30th off D. H. Shot Keys, a large ship with troops for Mexico, (perhaps the North Bend, from this port 21st ult.

Barque Antelope, Phinney, fm this port, with troops for Vera Cruz, was passed June 1st, in lat 35, lon 69½.

Arr at New Bedford the 5th, ship Herald, Mayhew, Pacific Ocean, Talcahuana, Feb. 23, 900 bbls sp 100 do wh oil; ship Virginia, Chase, Pacific Ocean, Talcahuana, March 20th, 2050 bbls sp oil.

Also arr 6th, ship Golconda, Howland, Pacific Ocean, Talcahuana 90 days, 1400 bbls sp 200 do blackfish oil.

Arr at Warren, 6th, ship Chariot, Luce, Pacific Ocean, Talcahuana Jan 13, Fernando de Norhona April 28, 2350 bbls wh 350 do sp oil, 23,000 lbs bone.

YELLOW PINE PLANK.

FORTY THOUSAND FEET prime quality, 40 feet length, 2½ to 4 inch. For sale by
J. S. MUNRO.
Newport, June 12, 1847.

—BOSTON—
Cheap Store
Cheaper than Ever!

THIS desirable stock of Goods, which comprises every *fashionable* style of
DRESS AND FANCY ARTICLES,
must in consequence of a change in business, be closed up by the 1st of August. All those who are about purchasing, will find it much to their advantage to examine our large assortment before buying, as the WHOLE will be disposed of *without regard to Cost.*
June 12.

Rare Chance for Builders.

House Lots for Sale.

SIX or EIGHT pleasant and desirable House Lots at the South part of the town. None measuring less than 50 by 75 feet. These Lots front on a wide street, and will be sold seperately or together, as may suit the purchaser, at very *low* prices. For terms &c., apply to the subscribers.
WILLIAM WEEDEN.
WM. LEE BARBER.
Newport, June 12, 1847.

FOR SALE.

The following described REAL ESTATE, situated in this Town, late the property of *SANFORD BELL, Esq.*, viz:—

A LOT of Land fronting on Sherman street, with the Stone Building, Sheds and fixtures thereon, together with all the apparatus and appertenances thereunto belonging; consisting of Presses, Kettles, Candle Moulds, &c., in perfect order for an extensive OIL MANUFACTORY.

Also, a lot of Land fronting on Sherman street, with the buildings thereon, used as a steam Soap Factory,—boiler and other apperatus nearly new; with a Soap Tub of capacity sufficient for a boiling of Eighty Thousand pounds.

A lot of Land with a Dwelling House and other buildings thereon, fronting on Sherman street, directly opposite the Oil House.

A lot of Land fronting on Sherman street, with a new barn and chaise house thereon.

A lot of Land fronting on Sherman street, with a Carpenters shop thereon.

A lot of Land with the Dwelling House and other buildings thereon, called the Luther estate, fronting on Spring street, and the first Baptist Meeting House lot.

A lot of Land bounded on Spring and Broad streets, with the Stone Candle House, and other buildings thereon, now occupied by Silas Ward.

A lot of Land bounded on Spring street, Broad street and Bull's gap, with the two story store &c. thereon, now occupied by William G. Ward, as a grocery.

A lot of Land called the Carr lot; bounded North on Sherman street, West by Winslow lot, South by Allen lot and East by a lot late of S. Bell.

A lot of Land at the East end of Sherman street containing about three fourths of an acre, Northerly on Bull street, Easterly on the Tilley Land, Southerly on land of C. Whitfield, and on Sherman street, and Westerly on land of H. Place and C. Bryer.

A lot of Land fronting on Tanner street, with a dwelling House and other buildings thereon, called the Bryer estate.

PELEG CLARKE, } *Assignees of S*
J. S. MUNRO, } *Bell, & C.E. Bell.*
Newport, June 12, 1847.—tf.

BONNETS!
Bonnets!! Bonnets!!!

AT THE
BOSTON CHEAP STORE,

CAN be found the largest assortment of Bonnets ever offered in this place, embracing every *fashionable style* of American, English and French braid, which must be disposed of within sixty days. Those who have not made their purchases, by calling at once, can procure a Bonnet at Manufacturer's prices.
June 12.

Court of Probate, Newport, June 7th, 1847.

APPLICATION is made for Administration on the estate of
WILLIAM AUGUSTUS VICKERY,
late of Newport, dec,

The same is read, received, and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday in July next, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and notice is ordered to be given thereof, by advertisement for 3 successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*



SUGAR HOUSE MOLASSES, of extra quality, for sale by
WILLIAM NEWTON,

James H. Hammett
159 1-2 THAMES ST.
WILL OPEN THIS MORNING,
—A Great Variety of—
NEW SUMMER GOODS.
Call and Look at Them.
June 12.

PICKED UP

ON a point of rocks in Middletown, called Spring Rock, a green bottomed *BOAT*, 9 feet keel. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges, to
HENRY E. PALMER.
Middletown, June 11.

REAL Estate
ON WASHINGTON SQUARE, FOR SALE.

THAT pleasantly situated lot of Land, bounded southerly on Washington Square, East on Prison street, North on land of the Town, West by land of E. W. Lawton, and Thomas Brinly, with two Dwelling Houses and out buildings thereon,—known as the Miller Estate. For terms &c., enquire of CATHERINE E. DENNIS, No. 2 Kay street, or WILLIAM E. DENNIS,
Newport, June 12.] Devens' Wharf.

SCHOOL BOOKS
AND STATIONARY

Of all kinds in general use. For sale at
JAMES HAMMOND'S.
June 12.

COMMISSIONERS AND ADMINISTRATORS

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the Town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors against the estate of
JOSIAH C. SHAW, ESQ.
late of Newport, dec., represented insolvent, and six months from the 7th of June 1847, being allowed for the creditors to present and prove their claims, we will meet at the office of Benjamin B. Howland, on the last Saturdays in November and December 1847, and the last Saturday in January 1848, at 2 o'clock, P.M. for the purposes aforesaid.

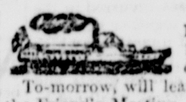
JAMES LAWTON, }
SILAS WARD, } *Commissioners.*
B. B. HOWLAND, }

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to
PETER P. REMINGTON, *Adm'r.*
Newport, June 12, 1847.

Final Notice.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the estate of *WILLIAM D. CALLAHAN*, are hereby notified that payment must be made to the subscribers previous to the first day of August next.
EDWIN WILBOUR, *Attorney.*
PETER P. REMINGTON, *Adm'r.*
Newport, June 12, 1847.

NOTICE.



THE steamer PERRY, will leave Newport this day at 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M.

To-morrow, will leave Newport at the close of the Friend's Meeting, in the afternoon.
June 12.

Gen. TAYLOR'S

LIFE, BATTLES, AND DESPATCHES,

INCLUDING a large number of highly important *Letters* from the President of the United States, the Secretary of War, Gen. Taylor, Gen. Scott, Com. Perry, and the Mexican Authorities. Full and official Accounts of the Battles of Palo Alto, Resaca de la Palma, Monterey, Buena Vista and Vera Cruz.

Illustrated with Maps and Plans of the Battle-fields, Cities, and Portraits of the Principal Generals,

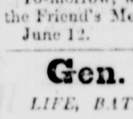
SEVENTY-TWO large royal octavo pages, with the splendid engravings, for 25 cents. For sale at
June 12.] J. H. BARBER'S.

☞ Assessors of Taxes Notice. ☜

THE undersigned having been appointed Assessors of Taxes, for the town of Newport, at the annual Town meeting holden on the first Tuesday in June instant, for the election of town Officers for said town, and at said town meeting, the qualified Voters ordered a Town Tax of fourteen thousand dollars, to be assessed on the inhabitants of said town, and on the taxable property therein, as soon as may be, to be collected and paid into the town treasury, on or before the first day of August next. and appointed the Town Council of said town to assess said tax; this therefore is to require each of the inhabitants of the town of Newport, to bring in unto us in writing, and under his hand, an exact list of the rateable estate, with a particular description of each parcel thereof, and the value of each parcel, by the first day of July next, and to make oath to the same, before any one of us. And this notice to be published in the *Newport Mercury* for three successive weeks.

THEOPHILUS TOPHAM, }
DAVID M. COGGESHALL, } *The Town Council of Newport, & Assessors of Taxes.*
NATHAN B. HAMMETT, }
JAMES HORSWELL, }
GEORGE W. TAYLOR, }
Newport, June 5, 1847.

PACIFIC HOUSE.



THE Subscriber has taken the pleasant and commodious House in High street, on the *Hill*, formerly occupied by Anthony V. Taylor. It is one of the best situations in town for Summer Visitors,—being airy, and surrounded with spacious grounds. The house contains 50 rooms, with a public parlor 33 feet long, and dining room large enough to accommodate 100 people. It is now open for the reception of FRIENDS. The best attention paid to all, and charges not *unreasonable*. EDWARD T. WILLIAMS.
Newport, June 5, 1847.—tf.

☞ *NEW SUMMER GOODS*, ☜
AT
LONG ROOM.

CONSISTING of Tweeds, French *CASSIMERES*, Alpaca, Italian *CLOTHS*, Drab de Eta, and Sack Coat Cloths. *VESTINGS*, some rich and rare,—such as Black, striped, and Fancy Sattin, Light col'd Vestings, new style, with all kinds of Worsted and Common do. With a large assortment of Fancy Cassimeres and Broadcloths, for almost nothing.

TAILORING, *in all its various branches*, carried on as usual.
June 5.] JOSEPH M. HAMMETT.

RAISINS, selling cheap, by
WM. NEWTON,
June 5. 150 Thames-street.

This Day,

Will be opened and for sale, a large assortment of
AT NO. 151 THAMES STREET.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS, comprising all the most desirable Styles and colours of French Lawns and Muslins, Plain White Book, Swiss & Sacarrilla do., Oregon and French Ginghams, Oregon Plaids, *the best quality for 25 cents per yd.*, White Jaconet Cambrics, M. de Laines from 12½ to 25 cents per yard.

NEW STYLES OF SUMMER PRINTS.—Pinks, Blues, Chocolate, Fawn and Brown Merrimack do, Ginghams, Alpaccas, Victoria Robes, Embossed Wool Table Covers, Brown Linen do., White do. do.

SHAWLS, in great varieties, and *low prices.*
Curtain Muslins at 12½ cents per yard.
Together with a large assortment of STAPLE and FANCY GOODS, Embroideries, &c., &c. &c.
The above named Goods will be offered at unusually LOW PRICES. Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and give them an examination.
P. MOREY, 151 *Thames street.*

TO LET,

And immediate possession given.



A new dwelling House on the Hill, pleasantly situated in Leven street, with an entrance from William street, being the third house from Bellevue street. It contains 13 rooms with a basement story, has a good well of water, &c. It would be an eligable situation for a summer residence.

—ALSO—

THE House on Banister's Wharf, now occupied by the subscriber,—an excellent stand for a boarding House. For terms apply to
THOMAS ROACH.
Newport, June 5, 1847.

Rhode Island Bridge Co.

THE annual dividend of the *Rhode Island Bridge Company*, will be paid on and after MONDAY, the 7th inst., at the Bank of Rhode Island, during Bank hours.
W. A. CLARKE, *Treasurer.*
Newport, June 5, 1847.

Newport, June 5, 1847.

New GOODS! New GOODS!
AT NO. 99 1-2 THAMES ST
JAMES MUMFORD & SON

HAVE received *this day*, a large addition of NEW GOODS, which added to their former stock, makes one of the most desirable ever offered by them, and among which may be found—

HOME, English & Scotch Ginghams; Lawns, from 12½ to 25 cents; Bereges, from 12½ to 50 cents; Balzareens and Mous de Laines, of all kinds; Mourning Ginghams and Calicoes; do. Lawns, *some very cheap*; Swiss, Mull, Nainsook & Shear Muslins; Plain Alpacas, light cols.; Plaid do; Berege Shawls, plain and figured; Mourning do. do. do.; Berege Scarfs & Hand'fs; Hosiery and Gloves of all kinds; Combs, Pins, Needles, Tapes, &c.; Linen Damaske, and Linen Sheetings; Damask Napkins; Scotch and French do.,

With a general assortment of goods, usually found in a dry good Store,—all of which are offered as cheap as can be bought in town. A share of public patronage is most respectfully solicited.

N. B.—JAMES MUMFORD requests those indebted to him prior to January 1st, 1846, to call *and settle* the same, as it very desirable that all those accounts should be settled on or before the 1st day of September next.



AUCTION
Notice

THE Subscriber having been re-appointed by the Hon. Town Council of the town of Newport, *AUCTIONEER* for the year ensuing, respectfully offers his services to his friends and the public generally, and will be ready at short notice to attend to the sale of Goods, Wares or Merchandize, Household Furniture, Real Estate, Stocks of all kinds &c. &c., on reasonable terms.

Writing, Making out Accounts, and collecting Bills.—Being desirous of earning a respectable living for myself and family in my native town, I offer my services to my friends and the public generally, in Writing, making out Accounts, posting Books, drawing Bills of Sale, Deeds, Bonds, &c. and in collecting and settling Bills,—all of which shall be done with neatness and despatch. If more convenient for those who wish it, Writing will be done at their Office, Store or House. CHARLES N. TILLEY,
Office 128 Thames street, *up stairs.*
Newport, June 5, 1847.
REFERENCE.—Stephen T. Northam, Esq.; Samuel B. Vernon, Esq.; Michael Freeborn, Esq.

Summer Resort.



THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully announce to those desirous of enjoying a most delightful prospect of the Ocean, that he can furnish them with pleasant airy rooms on moderate terms, either furnished or not, at his new cottage situated directly opposite Lady General Harpers, in Bellevue street, at the junction of Narragansett Avenue, a short distance south of the Ocean House. The Cottage will be let in whole or in part as may be required. For particulars enquire on the premises, of
WILLIAM A. SWEET.
Newport, June 5, 1847.

JUNE 5th.

New Bonnets,
BONNET RIBBONS,
DRESS GOODS,
—AND—
DRY GOODS

Generally, are being opened at
JAMES HAMMOND'S.



25 CHESTS Souchong, 15 half chests Powchong, 35 half chests Young Hyson, and 5 chests Hyson Tea, *of fresh importations*, comprising extra and fine qualities, just landed from sloop Rienzi, and for sale at very low prices, by
WILLIAM NEWTON,
June 5.] 150 Thames street.

FLOUR, in barrels and half barrels, just received and for sale by WM. NEWTON,
June 5. 150 Thames-street.

45 000 Choice Havana Segars of various kinds and qualities, for sale by
WM. NEWTON,
June 5. 150 Thames-street.

[BY *AUTHORITY.*]

Treaties.

TREATY WITH THE TWO SICILIES OF COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION.

CONCLUDED DECEMBER 1ST, 1845.

By the President of the United States of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between the United States of America and his Majesty the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, was concluded and signed at Naples, on the first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, which treaty, being in the English and Italian languages, is, word for word, as follows :—

The United States of America and his Majesty the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies equally animated with the desire of maintaining the relations of good understanding which have hitherto so happily subsisted between their respective states, and consolidating the commercial intercourse between them, have agreed to enter into negotiations for the conclusion of a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation, for which purpose they have appointed plenipotentiaries, that is to say.

The President of the United States of America, William H. Polk, Charge d'Affaires of the said United States of America to the Court of his Majesty the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies ; and his Majesty the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, D. Giustino Fortunato, Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Military Constantinian Order of St. George, and of Francis the 1st, Minister Secretary of State of his said Majesty ; D. Michael Gravina and Requsenz, Prince of Commitini, Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Order of Francis the 1st, Gentleman of the Chamber in waiting, and Minister Secretary of State of his said Majesty ; and D. Antonio Spinelli, of Scalea, Commander of the Royal Order of Francis the 1st, Gentleman of the Chamber of his said Majesty, Member of the General Consulta, and Superintendent-General of the Archieves of the Kingdom ; who, after having exchanged their full powers, found in good and due form, have concluded and signed the following articles :

ARTICLE I.

There shall be reciprocal liberty of commerce and navigation between the United States of America and the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies.

No duty of customs, or other impost, shall be charged upon any goods, the produce or manufacture of one country, upon importation by sea or by land from such country into the other, other or higher than the duty or impost charged upon goods of the same kind, the produce or manufacture of, or imported from, any other country ; and the United States of America and his Majesty the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies do hereby engage, that the subjects or citizens of any other State shall not enjoy any favor, privilege, or immunity, whatever, in matters of commerce and navigation, which shall not also, and at the same time be extended to the subjects or citizens of the other high contracting party, gratuitously, if the concession in favor of that other State shall have been gratuitous, and in return for a compensation, as nearly as possible of proportionate value and effect, to be adjusted by mutual agreement, if the concession shall have been conditional.

ARTICLE II.

All articles of the produce or manufacture of either country, and of their respective states, which can legally be imported into either country from the other, in ships of that other country, and thence coming, shall, when so imported, be subject to the same duties, and enjoy the same privileges, whether imported in ships of the one country, or in ships of the other ; and in like manner, all goods which can legally be exported or re-exported from either country to the other, in ships of that other country, shall, when so exported or re-exported, be subject to the same duties, and be entitled to the same privileges, drawbacks, bounties, and allowances, whether exported in ships of the one country, or in ships of the other.

ARTICLE III

No duties of tonnage, harbor, light-houses, pilotage, quarantine, or other similar duties of whatever nature, or under whatever denomination, shall be imposed in either country upon the vessels of the other, in respect of voyages between the United States of America and the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, if laden, or in respect of any voyage, if in ballast, which shall not be equally imposed in the like cases on national vessels.

ARTICLE IV.

It is hereby declared, that the stipulations of the present treaty are not to be understood as applying to the navigation and carrying trade between one port and another, situated in the States of either contracting party, such navigation and trade being reserved exclusively to national vessels. Vessels of either country shall, however be permitted to load or unload the whole or part of their cargoes, at one or more ports in the States of either of the high contracting parties, and then to proceed to complete the said loading or unloading at any other port or ports in the same States.

ARTICLE V.

Neither of the two Governments, nor any corporation or agent acting in behalf or under the authority of either Government, shall, in the purchase of any article which, being the growth, produce, or manufacture of the one country, shall be imported into the other, give directly or indirectly, any priority or preference on account of, or in reference to, the national character of the vessel in which such article shall have been imported ; it being the true intent and meaning of the high contracting parties that no distinction or difference whatever shall be made in this respect.

ARTICLE VI.

The high contracting parties engage, in regard to the personal privileges that the citizens of the United States of America shall enjoy in the dominions of his Majesty the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, and the subjects of his said Majesty in the United States of America, that they shall have free and undoubted right to travel and to reside in the States of the two high contracting parties, subject to the same precautions of police which are practised towards the subjects or citizens of the most favored nations.

They shall be entitled to occupy dwellings and ware-houses, and to dispose of their personal property of every kind and description, by sale, gift, exchange, will, or in any other way whatever, without the smallest hinderance or obstacle ; and their heirs or representatives, being subjects or citizens of the other high contracting party, shall succeed to their personal goods, whether by testament or *ab intestato* ; and may take possession thereof, either by themselves or by others acting for them, and dispose of the same at will, paying to the profit of the respective Governments such dues only as the inhabitants of the country wherein the said goods are, shall be subject to pay in like cases. And in case of the absence of the heir and representative, such care shall be taken of the said goods as would be taken of the goods of a native of the same country in like case, until the lawful owner may take measures for receiving them. And if a question should arise among several claimants as to which of them said goods belong, the same shall be decided finally by the laws and judges of the land wherein the said goods are.

They shall not be obliged to pay, under any pretence whatever, any taxes or impositions, other or greater than those which are paid, or may hereafter be paid, by the sujects or citizens of the most favored nations, in the respective States of the high contracting parties.

They shall be exempt from all military service, whether by land or by sea ; from forced loans, and from every extraordinary contribution not general and by law established. Their dwellings, ware-houses, and all premises appertaining thereto, destined for purposes of commerce or residence, shall be respected. No arbitrary search of, or visit to, their houses, and no arbitrary examination or inspection whatever of the books, papers, or accounts of their trade, shall be made, but such measures shall be executed only in conformity with the legal sentence of a competent tribunal ; and each of the two high contracting parties engages that the citizens or subjects of the other, residing in their respective States, shall enjoy their property and personal security in as full and ample manner as their own citizens or subjects, or the subjects or citizens of the most favored nation.

ARTICLE VII.

The citizens and the subjects of each of the two high contracting parties shall be free in the States of the other to manage their own affairs themselves, or to commit those affairs to the management of any persons whom they may appoint as their broker, factor, or agent ; nor shall the citizens and subjects of the two high contracting parties be restrained in their choice of persons to act in such capacities, nor shall they be called upon to pay any salary or remuneration to any person whom they shall not choose to employ.

Absolute freedom shall be given in all cases to the buyer and seller to bargain together, and to fix the price of any goods or merchandise imported into, or to be exported from, the States and dominions of the two high contracting parties ; save and except generally such cases wherein the laws and usages of the country may require the intervention of any special agents in the States and dominions of the high contracting parties.

ARTICLE VIII.

Each of the two high contracting parties may have, in the ports of the other, consuls, vice consuls, and commercial agents, of their own appointment, who shall enjoy the same privileges and powers of those of the most favored nations ; but if any such consuls shall exercise commerce, they shall be subject to the same laws and usages to which the private individuals of their nation are subject in the same place.

The said consuls, vice consuls, and commercial agents are authorized to require the assistance of the local authorities for the search, arrest, detention, and imprisonment of the deserters from the ships of war and merchant vessels of their country. For this purpose, they shall apply to the competent tribunals, judges, and officers, and shall in writing demand the said deserters, proving, by the exhibition of the registers of the vessels, the rolls of the crews, or by other official documents, that such individuals formed part of the crews ; and this reclamation being thus substantiated, the surrender shall not be refused.

Such deserters, when arrested, shall be placed at the disposal of the said consuls, vice consuls, or commercial agents, and may be confined in the public prisons, at the request and cost of those who shall claim them, in order to be detained until the time when they shall be restored to the vessel to which they belonged, or sent back to their own country by a vessel of the same nation, or any other vessel whatsoever. But if not sent back within four months from the day of their arrest, or if all the expenses of such imprisonment are not defrayed by the party causing such arrest and imprisonment, they shall be set at liberty, and shall not be again arrested for the same cause.

However, if the deserter should be found to have committed any crime or offence, his surrender may be delayed until the tribunal, before which his case shall be depending, shall have pronounced its sentence, and such sentence shall have been carried into effect.

ARTICLE IX.

If any ships of war or merchant vessels be wrecked on the coasts of the states of either of the high contracting parties, such ships or vessels, or any parts thereof, and all furniture and appurtenances belonging thereunto, and all goods and merchandise which shall be saved therefrom, or the produce thereof, if sold, shall be faithfully restored with the least possible delay to the proprietors, upon being claimed by them, or their duly authorized factors ; and if there are no such proprietors or factors on the spot, then the said goods and merchandise, or the proceeds thereof, as well as all the papers found on board such wrecked ships or vessels, shall be delivered to the American or Sicilian consul or vice consul in whose district the wreck may have taken place ; and such consul, vice consul, proprietors, or factors, shall pay only the expenses incurred in the preservation of the property, together with the rate of salvage, and expenses of quarantine which would have been payable in the like case of a wreck of a national vessel ; and all goods and merchandise saved from the wreck shall not be subject to duties, unless cleared for consumption ; it being understood that in case of any legal claim upon such wreck, goods or merchandise, the same shall be referred for decision to the competent tribunals of the country.

ARTICLE X.

The merchant vessels of each of the two high contracting parties which may be forced by stress of weather or other cause into one of the ports of the other, shall be exempt from all duty of port or navigation paid for the benefit of the State, if the motive which led to take refuge be real and evident, and if no operation of commerce be done by loading or unloading merchandise ; well understood, however, that the loading or unloading, which may regard the subsistence of the crew, or necessary for the reparation of the vessel, shall not be considered operations of commerce, which lead to the payment of duties, and that the said vessels do not stay in port beyond the time necessary, keeping in view the cause which led to taking refuge.

ARTICLE XI.

To carry always more fully into effect the intentions of the two high contracting parties, they agree that every difference of duty, whether of the ten per cent. or other, established in the respective States, to the prejudice of the navigation and commerce of those nations which have not treaties of commerce and navigation with them, shall cease and remain abolished in conformity to the priciple established in the first article of the present treaty, as well on the productions of the soil and industry of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, which therafrom shall be imported into the United States of America, whether in vessels of the one or of the other country, as on those which in like manner, shall be imported in the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies in vessels of both countries.

They declare besides, that as the productions of the soil and industry of the two countries, on their introduction into the ports of the other, shall not be subject to greater duties than those which shall be imposed on the like productions of the most favored nations, so the red and white wines of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies of every kind, including those of Marsala, which may be imported directly into the United States of America, whether in vessels of the one or of the other country, shall not pay higher or greater duties than those of the red and white wines of the most favored nations. And in like manner, the cottons of the United States of America, which may be imported directly into the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, whether in vessels of the one or other nation, shall not pay higher or greater duties than the cottons of Egypt, Bengal, or those of the most favored nations.

ARTICLE XII.

The present treaty shall be in force from this day, and for the term of ten years, and further, until the end of twelve months after either of the high contracting parties shall have given notice to the other of its intention to terminate the same, each of the said high contracting parties reserving to itself the right of giving such notice at the end of the said term of ten years, or at at any subsequent term.

ARTICLE XIII

The present treaty shall be approved and ratified by the President of the United States of America, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the said States, and by his Majesty the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Naples, at the expiration of six months from the date of its signature, or sooner, if possible.

In witness whereof, the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have afixed thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at Naples the first of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five.

WILLIAM H. POLK. [L. S.]

And whereas, the said Treaty has been duly ratified on both parts, and the respective ratifications of the same were exchanged at Naples, on the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, by William H. Polk, Charge de' Affaires of the United States, and D. Giustino Fortunato, Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Military Constantinian Order of St. George, and of Francis the 1st., Minister Secretary of State of his said Majesty ; D. Michael Gravina and Requesenz, Prince of Comitini, Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Order of Francis the 1st., Gentleman of the Chamber in waiting, and Minister Secretary of State of his said Majesty ; and D. Antonio Spinelli, of Scalea, Commander of the Royal Order of Francis the 1st, Gentleman of the Chamber of his said Majesty, Member of the General Consulta, and Superintendent-General of the Archives of the Kingdom, on the part of their respective Govenments :

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT KNOWN, that I, JAMES K. POLK, President of the United States of America, have caused the said Treaty to be made public, to the end that the same and every clause and article thereof may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this twenty-fourth of July, in the year of our Lord, one [SEAL] thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and of the Independence of the United States, the seventy-first.

JAMES K. POLK.

By the President :

JAMES BUCHANAN, *Secretary of State.*

WING & BATES,

LUMBER DEALERS AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

Gardiner. Me.,

WILL attend to the purchase and forwarding all kind of Lumber to order. Dimention Timber of all descriptions sawed from Pine, Spruce or Hemlock, furnished at short notice.

Gardiner, March 27, 1847.—6m.

PICKLES and PRESERVES, at YOUNG'S, next south of Town Hall.

DOORS! DOORS!

THE subscriber keeps at his shop, No. 17 & 19, Broad-street, over Wm. G. Ward's store, the largest assortment of DOORS ever offered for sale in this town, also Doors, Sashes, Blinds, &c. made to order at the shortest notice. Also, new windows exchanged for old second hand sashes. All those in want call and see, and it is then and there the prices shall be made *KNOWN UNTO YOU.*

SIMON MOFFITT.

Newport, January 26, 1847.

—Another lot of—

2000 ROLLS,

of the cheapest and best

Paper Hangings,

—Just received at—

JAMES HAMMOND'S.

May 8.

W. B. & E. J. SWAN,

HAVE on hand a good assortment of Gentlemen's *Patent* Ribbed Lamb's Wool PANTALOONS ; do. White Lamb's Wool do ; do. Cotton Hosiery do ; do. *Patent* Merino Shirts, double breasted ; do. Merino Shirts ; Gauze Merino Shirts.

ALSO, a lot of READY MADE CLOTHING, for sale very CHEAP.

March 27, 1847.

NUTS.—YOUNG has just received the following kinds :—Gordon Almonds, Pecan-nuts, Filberts, Brazil nuts, Maderia nuts, Shellbarks, &c.

Next South of Town Hall.

CANDY! CANDY!! CANDY!!!

WARRANTED to be made from pure loaf sugar, and by the best artists in the country, and as *cheap* as can be bought in Newport, either at wholesale or retail. Come and judge for yourselves, at YOUNG'S Confectionary and fancy Store, next South of the Town Hall.

Marine and Fire Insurance

THE American Insurance Company, Providence, R. I., continue to Insure against *LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE*, on Cotton, Woolen, and other Manufactories, Buildings, and Merchandise, and also against *MARINE RISKS* on favorable terms. The capital stock

$150,000

ALL PAID IN, AND WELL INVESTED.

DIRECTORS ELECTED JUNE 3D. 1844,

William Rhodes, Wilbur Kelly, Robert R. Stafford, Amos D. Smith, Resolved Waterman, Shubael Hutchins, Ebenezer Kelly, Tully D. Bowen, Nathaniel Bishop, George S. Rathbone, Caleb Harris, Jabez Bullock, and Walker Humphrey.

Persons wishing for Insurance are requested to direct their applications, (which should be accompanied with a particular description of the property,) per mail, to the President or Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in Newport to GEORGE BOWEN, *Agent.*

WILBER KELLY, *President.*

ALLEN O. PECK, *Secretary.*

American Insurance Co.'s Office, Feb. 7, 1846.

CARPETINGS

—AND—

PAINTED FLOOR-CLOTHS.

E. W. Lawton & Son,

HAVE received their SPRING supply of *COMMON, FINE, SUPERFINE, THREE PLY & BRUSSELS* CARPETINGS, to which they would respectfully invite the special attention of their friends and customers, believing they have never been able to offer so attractive a variety of styles as at present.—The patterns are rich and beautiful, and the prices such as must insure approbation. Having been purchased with ready money under the new Tariff, they *can* and *will* be sold at a rate that will meet the expectations of every purchaser.

☞ A lot of Remnants of Carpeting, suitable for small rooms at very low prices.

ALSO, a new supply of PAINTED FLOOR CLOTHS, from 2 to 12 feet wide, which for variety of price, style and quality, will compare fully with the assortment of Woolen Carpetings.

April 24.

Neapolitan Bonnets.

PATTISON, NOE, & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, 23 Delancy Street, *New York.*

Feb. 27, 1847.—3m.

RICH SILK GOODS.

SILKS for MANTILLAS and VISITES, with *gimps, fringes,* and *buttons* to match.

Plain Mousceline de Laine, with Embroidery braids, gimps and buttons to match.

Extra Rich Silks for dresses.

Just received by

April 24.] E. W. LAWTON & SON.

NEWPORT

DAGUERREOTYPE ROOMS.

L. T. TEW would respectfully give notice that he has taken rooms in the building corner of Washington Square and Thames street, (third floor,) where he is now prepared to execute miniatures at the shortest notice. Persons wishing pictures of themselves or friends, are invited to call. Copies taken from Paintings, and Drawings,—Daguerreotype Pictures taken of deceased persons.

☞ Rooms free to all.

N. B. Perfect satisfaction given, or no charge.

January 16, 1847.

May 29th.

SUMMER GOODS.

WM. C. COZZENS & CO

WOULD respectfully invite the attention of purchasers to a free and full examination of their *large* and *beautiful* assortment of seasonable and fashionable

SUMMER GOODS,

embracing a very carefully selected Stock of such articles as are freely selling at the most fashionable and popular stores in Broadway,—consisting in part of—

RICH FOULARD SILKS, warrented to wash,
RICH STRIPED AND PLAID SILKS,
PARIS PRINTED BAREGES,
EMBROIDERED DO.,
SATIN PLAID GRENADINE,—Beautiful,
SILK TISSUE,
EMBROIDERED MUSLIN DRESSES,
FRENCH LAWNS & GINGHAMS,
SUMMER SHAWLS AND SCARFS,
WROUGHT COLLARS & CAPES,
ELEGANT WHITE FIG. HAT RIBBONS,
COLORED DO.,
BLACK LACE VEILS,

Together with very many nice and desirable articles, which shall be sold at the very lowest prices.

TO LET.



The pleasantly situated dwelling HOUSE, on the north side of Franklin street, next to the corner of Spring-st. For terms, apply to

T. C. DUNN.

HOUSE TO LET.



THE ESTATE corner of Thames street and Washington Square ;—Possession given the 25th of March or sooner if desired. The House has been thoroughly repaired the past season, and contains more than 20 rooms, is well arranged for a Boarding House,—its location being unsurpassed for that business. There are 4 Shops in the basement, which will be let with the House if desired. For terms &c., apply to

JOSEPH CASE, *on the Premises.*

Newport, Feb. 20, 1847

For Sale or to Let.



ONE HALF of the Wyatt house situated in Middletown, about 3 miles from Newport, together with the front door yard, Garden, Orchard, and barn yard, with a crib thereon standing.

LIKEWISE FOR SALE, a lot of Land containing 13½ acres, bounded northerly on land late of Nathaniel Wyatt, easterly on land of the heirs of Jonathan Smith, southerly on a road, and easterly on land of Nathaniel Wyatt.

For terms apply to PETER P. REMINGTON,

April 10, 1847.] *Att'y to Elizabeth Langley.*

For Sale or To Let.



YOSE'S TOURO STREET COTTAGE, containing 14 rooms, with a Stable, Store-house, &c. Possession given the 1st of May.

Newport, March 20, 1847.

TO LET,

And immediate possession given.



THE dwelling House, situated in Clark street, recently occupied by the late Miss Sally Dillon.

ALSO, the whole or part of the House situated corner of Spring and Cannon sts.

April 10, 1847.] J. S. MUNRO.

TO LET.



THAT pleasant and convenient House, next south of the subscriber's residence, on the Main street, near the Market, now occupied by Wm. C. Cozzens, Esq. Possession given on the 1st of May next, or sooner if required. The house can be seen at any time previous, by calling on the present occupant. For further information apply to STEPHEN T. NORTHAM.

Newport, March 27, 1847.

FOR SALE.



THE subscriber offers for sale the estate which he recently occupied, situated at the corner of Touro and High streets on the Hill.

The House has every convenience for the residence of a private family, or for taking boarders ; has a good well of water, and the yard and garden is well filled with trees and shrubbery. For terms apply to HENRY OMAN.

Feb. 27, 1847.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of

OLIVER D. GREENE,

late of Portsmouth, deceased, represented insolvent, hereby give notice that six months from the date hereof, are allowed to the creditors of said estate to bring in and prove their claims, and that we will receive the same at our respective Dwellings, and will hold a final meeting for the purpose of deciding on said claims on *SATURDAY* the 11th of September, at the house of Mrs. Phebe Green, at one o'clock, P. M.

JOHN CORY,
WM. BARKER,
JOHN G. CHILDS, } *Commissioners.*

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

PHEBE GREENE, *Executrix.*

Portsmouth, March 15, 1847.

May 29th.

CARPETINGS,

Straw Mattings,

OIL CLOTH CARPETS,

To fit any size room, in one single sheet.

Just received and for sale low, by

WM. C. COZZENS, & CO.

Mourning Goods.

A very full and desirable assortment, not *surpassed* by any in town. For sale at

JAMES HAMMOND'S.

NEW GOODS,

NOW OPENING, AT

James H. Hammett's,

159 1-2 THAMES STREET.

—CONSISTING OF—

PRINTED AND WROUGHT CASHMERES, BLACK SILK, BLACK DAMASK, AND CHILDREN'S NETT SHAWLS ; BLACK MANTILLA SILK ; BLACK SILK LACE EDGINGS ; BONNET AND CAP RIBBONS ; SILK CRAVATS ; CHEAP LINEN HDK'CHIEFS ; GENTS. LINEN HDK'FS, *Coloured Borders* ; CORDED & MARSEILLES SKIRTS ; MARSEILLES QUILT COVERS ; COMBS ; STEEL TRIMMINGS ; STEEL BUTTONS ; COL'RD GLASS BUTTONS, &C. &C.

April 17, 1847.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber having been appointed by the Court of Probate, of the Town of Newport, Guardian to the person and estate of

JOHN B. CLARKE,

a lunatic belonging to said Newport, requests all persons having demands against said John B. Clarke, to present them within six months from this date, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment.

P. P. REMINGTON, *Guardian.*

Newport, May 8, 1847.

USEFUL FANCY ARTICLES,

OF EVERY KIND.

TOGETHER with a beautiful lot, suitable for fillipene or holyday presents, comprising in part the following :—

Fancy Boxes, of various designs ; Silk Purses ; Pocket Books ; Hair, Clothes, Tooth, Shoe and Bathing Brushes ; Gents walking canes ; Ladies' and Gents Combs of all kinds, and of the latest fashion ; Pocket knives ; scissors & razors ; Straps ; segar cases,—and in fact almost any thing you can think of, at YOUNG'S, next South of Town Hall, Newport.

CHEMICAL STOVE POLISH.

FOR polishing Stoves, Grates, and Iron Ornamental work of every description. For sale wholesale and retail at the Manufacturers price, by

April 24.] R. J. TAYLOR.

Trees for Sale



57 Red Berry or Mountain Ash ; 8 Cherry Trees ; 15 Arborvitaes, 16 Honey Locust ; and 6 Elms.

☞ These are fine healthy trees, and are now growing in a Garden lot in this town.—Persons wishing to purchase any of them, can select such as they choose at a reasonable price, on application to CHARLES N. TILLEY.

No 128 Thames Street, *up stairs.*

Newport, April 24, 1847.

New Ginghams.

AT

JAMES H. HAMMETT'S.

ANCIENT and REAL

Linnæan Botanic Garden

AND NURSERY.

late of **WILLIAM PRINCE** *deceased*

FLUSHING, L. I., NEAR NEW YORK.



THE *NEW PROPRIETORS* of this celebrated Nursery, known as Prince's, and exclusively designated by the above title for nearly fifty years, offer for sale every description, including the newest and choicest varieties of —FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES,

Shrubs, Vines, Plants, Roses, &c., and the genuineness of which may be depended upon ; and they will unremittingly endeavor to merit the Confidence and Patronage of the Public, by INTEGRITY and LIBERALITY in dealing, and *Moderation* in charges.

WINTER & CO.,

March 13, 1847.] *Proprietors*

☞ ORDERS received by *CHARLES N. TILLEY*, 128 Thames street, (up stairs,) Newport, R. I.

TO LET



THE CHAMBERS in the House standing at the upper end of the Main street, next North of William Stevens', and *immediate* possession given. For further information apply to

STEPHEN T. NORTHAM.
JOHN D. NORTHAM.

Newport, March 27, 1847.

BIRD SEED and CAGES, for sale cheap, at YOUNG'S.

FIGS and Dates, fresh and good, at *YOUNG'S*, next south of the Town Hall.

Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs.

The *cheapest* and *best* lot ever before offered. For sale at

JAMES HAMMOND'S.

April 10.

DEAFNESS CAN BE CURED.

COOPER'S ETHERIAL OIL—A prompt and lasting remedy for *DEAFNESS*, and also for pains and discharge of matter from the Ears.

Hundreds of cures in cases deemed utterly hopeless have firmly established its superiority over every former Medical discovery.

This valuable Accoustic Medicine is a compound of four different Oils, one of which, the active and principal ingredient, is obtained from the bark of a certain species of Walnut, a new and effectual agent in the cure of deafness.

☞ Persons afflicted with deafness, no matter of how long standing, (if not born so,) who have tried every other remedy in vain—are requested to call upon the Agents and procure a *printed sheet* containing Certificates and other evidences of its efficacy, which it is hoped will induce every person afflicted with Deafness, to make a trial of this truly valuable medicine. For sale in Newport by R. J. TAYLOR, *Sole Agent.*

March 28, 1846.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed Administrator on the estate of

RUTH SMITH,

late of Portsmouth, widow, deceased, and taken upon himself that trust by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to said estate to make immediate payment ; and those who have demands thereon to present the same for settlement to

ABRAHAM ANTHONY, *Administrator.*

Portsmouth, May 10, 1847.

Wrapping Paper.

300 REAMS,—*of various kinds,*

For sale very cheap at

JAMES HAMMONDS.

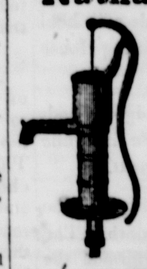
May 8.

FLOWER SEED, *just received* and for sale a choice variety of annual and perenial flower seed, warranted the growth of 1846, at YOUNG'S, next South of the Town Hall.

MALAGA GRAPES, are to be had at *YOUNG'S*, next south of Town Hall.

REMOVAL.

Nathan M. Chafee,



BRASS FOUNDER & *COPPER SMITH,* respectfully informs the public, that he is prepared to execute orders in the line of his business, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. All articles in the Copper-smith and Foundry line, manufactured and repaired.

SEGARS and TOBACCO.

Of the following Brands & Kinds

REGALIA, La Norma, La Frimavera, Colorado, Havana, Panetela, and Principe ; Cavendish and Aromatic chewing tobacco, also Miller and Anderson's fine cut *Smoking Tobacco*, and Pipes. And everything of the kind usually kept in such Store, by H. YOUNG, next South Town Hall.

Guardian's Notice.

THE subscriber having been appointed by the Court of Probate, Guardian to the persons and estates of her children, HARRIET BLISS FOWLER and SIBELLADA FOWLER, minors under the age of 14 years, and having qualified herself according to law, for the faithful discharge of said trust, she hereby requests all persons interested to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly. HARRIET FOWLER.

Newport, March 27, 1847.

NEW RIBBONS.

JUST received from New York—new styles of Bonnet Ribbons, which I offer for sale at very *low prices*—also, a good assortment of Thread Edging, &c. &c. P. MOREY.

April 17.

Knitting Cotton.

BLEACHED, Unbleached, Blue, Mixed, Nankin, Fawn, Drab and Hard-twisted, at

April 17.] J. H. HAMMETT'S.

CARPETS, at REDUCED PRICES.

PREPARATORY to a *new supply* we'll sell from our present stock at very low prices.

April 10.] *E. W. LAWTON & SON.*

NOW is your time to buy Toys. Young has the largest assortment in town, and a "*leetle*" cheaper than any one else. Next South of the Town Hall.

THE SUBSCRIBER has been duly appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, Guardian of the estate in Rhode Island, of

EMILY CORDELIA BURDICK,

a minor, residing in Richford, in the County of Tioga, State of New York, daughter of Charles W. Burdick, Jun., dec., a son of Charles W. Burdick late of said Newport, dec., and I have given bond to said Court, as the law directs, and the creditors of my said ward are hereby notified to exhibit their claims to me within six months from the date thereof. THOMAS ROACH, *Guardian.*

Newport, April 10, 1847.—6w.

For New York,

THE steamers *BAY STATE*, Capt. Comatock, and *MASSACHUSETTS*, Capt. Brown, have commenced running regularly between Fall River and New York, via Newport, leaving Fall River on the arrival of the steamboat train from Boston, about 7 o'clock, and Newport about 8 o'clock.

The Bay State on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and the Massachusetts on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Fresh Groceries,



At reduced Prices,

LANDING THIS WEEK, per Sloop Rienzi, from



NEW YORK.

COMPRISING a large assortment and extensive stock of choice and fresh

FAMILY GROCERIES,

which are offered in lots to suit buyers, at very low prices, by WILLIAM NEWTON,

May 22.] 150 Thames street.

HAIR OILS & COLOGNE, Perfumery, Soaps, Pomades, &c., in great variety at YOUNG'S, next south of Town Hall.

PURE CREAM TARTER and Sup Carb. Soda, for making bread, for sale at

May 29.] R. J. TAYLOR'S.

Executor's Notice.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been duly qualified as Executor of the last Will and Testament of

JOSEPH CHILDS,

late of Portsmouth, deceased, hereby requests all persons having demands against his estate to present them for settlement, and those indebted to make immediate payment to

JOHN G. CHILDS, *Executor.*

Portsmouth, May 10, 1847.

1100

HAVANA Oranges, just received and for sale at YOUNG'S, next south of the Town Hall.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of

ELISHA CASE,

late of Newport, deceased, represented insolvent, hereby give notice that six months from the date hereof, are allowed to the creditors of said estate to bring in and prove their claims against the same, and that we will meet at the house of Richard Shaw, on the first Saturdays of March, May and July next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of receiving and examining their several claims.

RICHARD SHAW,
DANIEL B. DAVIS,
SAMUEL F. HOPKINS, } *Comm'rs.*

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

JOSEPH CASE, *Administrator.*

PAINTED WINDOW SHADES.

OF various designs and different prices. Just received by E. W. LAWTON & SON.